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My dear Mother,

Mine a la Mollé, Jan<sup>y</sup> 28<sup>th</sup> 1846

Another pleasing budget greeted me the other day when I rode  
the P. R. consisting of letters from yourself, Mr. Fairer, Uncle C. & Ed. Mayes  
at the most welcome was that from home, in the shape of a running accompani-  
ment of events, chronologically arranged from 1<sup>st</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup> Jan<sup>y</sup>, wherein are set  
forth your Christian conversion of relatives at m<sup>r</sup> T-r's, is a treat for me well  
looked by you all, I suppose. I had begun to sympathize with Cousin S. T-r  
in a fractured arm, but ere your letter desec. to the walks into our house. How  
indeed persons who get well so soon do not require sympathy, & I'll keep it  
for the next time. I am indeed sorry that P. S. suffered so much from vaccina-  
tion but still hope that that light suffering may have been the means of saving  
her from greater. You seem to have had a constant succession of visitors, for a  
week or more, which made you spend an active life, a gay life, & get be-  
lieved for others is or ought to be the highest pleasure. Your account of your  
N. Y. day was quite amusing to me. & as you were not troubled with an annoy-  
ing number of visitors, not withstanding the display of paper & pen, my brother.  
Still I do not wish the N. Y. custom to gain footing in Philad<sup>a</sup>, for whatever  
advantages it may possess, & it does offer many, <sup>they are</sup> counterbalanced by a  
neglect of the proper mode of entering upon the N. Y. year, by sacrificing the  
first fruits of our time to the service of God. It is a season especially adapted  
to a review of the leading events of our lives during the past year, comparing  
them with previous years; to serious reflection on the rapid flight of time,  
which is daily hurrying us onward to the endless future, & which the constant  
hurry of business, the cares & pleasures of life lead us to forget; & to earnest  
endeavors after that strength, which alone will enable us to pass the coming  
year as we ought to do. That we are hastening to the tomb, with rapid, but  
noisy steps, that the longest life is but a point, a period, in time, that we  
are liable to be swept away from this state of existence in a moment of time,  
- is a most wholesome reflection, & did we but permit it or rather oblige











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Primo alla Motta, Jan<sup>a</sup> 27<sup>th</sup> 1816

My dear Brother

My dear Brother,  
Your favor of 4<sup>th</sup> & 5<sup>th</sup> Inst. in reply to several of my letters was rec<sup>d</sup> two or three days since, & I cannot but express my renewed obligations for the continued evidence of interest which your long communication conveys. Being incessantly occupied in preparing oxide of cobalt for the market & anxious of finishing some 4 or 5000 lb. before the close of Feb<sup>y</sup>, I sadly labor all the time that I can devote to the subject, & have 4 hands engaged in writing me. I hope you will therefore excuse a lengthened letter, or be content with an explanation or let that may serve to dispel some erroneous impressions & that want of fairness in my previous letters seems to have implanted in your mind.

You may recollect that my first estimate was \$12, ~~the~~ \$16, for  
pure oxide, when the estimate made by others was \$18. After exam-  
ining my own notes, (upon mining reports, &c.) v. Philad<sup>a</sup>, & con-  
sulting with other individuals, I made up my mind, subsequently  
that it should be \$9 or 10, but that I would calculate no more  
change. This conclusion was formed only in December. I do not  
therefore think my views of price extravagant.

The quantities of oxide ann. and. were calculated not from the cost of oxide sold, but of smalts, zaffers & oxides, & here I must maintain the correctness of my conclusions. The reason that ox. of cob. sells at a lower rate in smalts is because inferior ores & unrefined are taken to make the blues, hence no cost in regard



[illegible]

in reference to the house of H. & M. I have not made a  
pide purchase, no, would I commit so improper an action, will  
I not the means of doing it. They merely agreed to let me  
have the £, provided I could get the means of paying, I have  
I bid against myself as you think for I wish to a friend in  
Phila. is where I had spoken to a friend on the subject, well in  
time a reply, in which he declined for the time to make a purchase  
deferred until May. Thinking it would be easier to get a less sum  
than the one I offered, \$5000, I now have put to me, this  
they did by offering me the \$5000 instead of \$6000, provided  
I would work the one. Now the one I working we do not be over great  
I would mention it in a year or two, the time of commencing,  
during which, surely something would be done, I am offering to you  
of \$10000, at did not think it so, as you would have  
not an iota of trouble or expense in getting the material into market.  
You think it ~~un~~unbusiness-like to pay an advance of 4000 prot. on a  
bargain. Now then could I expect to find a purchaser for any mine  
bought at government price? The principle is the same, for such  
an advance would not be high, if the profits were likely to be high also.  
If either you or uncle C. or your friends in Eng. are inclined to  
enter into this matter, I shall make an offer which I trust will



Dear Mother, Jan 29<sup>th</sup> 1846

Your letter of Jan 2<sup>nd</sup> has been received. I am  
in the factory at all; but would you deem it worth the trouble  
of sending or want of quantity, if I should require any con-  
sideration for my knowledge & opportunities here? However, in  
your mind at all, my purchase was predicated on the ability to  
do not a real purchase for which I am bound. I have made & will  
make no such purchase here or elsewhere, while I have my eyes about  
me.

I have thus entered into some explanations, lest your mind should  
continue to be pained for me; & if any thing remains unsaid, let  
me assure you that I can clear up every thing to your satisfac-  
tion, I trust, when I meet you, in March. In I intend to leave  
if practicable between the middle & last of Feb.  
You had better not write again after receiving this.  
My love to Emily & the Children.

Yr. affectionate Brother  
J. B. Booth

P.S. I have some 4000 ready & hope to ship 1000 or more in  
2 weeks. I could do it in a shorter time, if I had anything to pack  
the inside in. My first shipment will be of superior oxide, 4000.

They are not sending away their stock, but I think they will apply it to  
but quality for them, but I think they will apply it to  
trial for other qualities. My love to them & the family  
at home.

Yr. affec<sup>t</sup> Brother  
J. B. Booth



Mine a la Motte, Jan 29<sup>th</sup> 1846

My dear Uncle,

Your favor of Jan 8<sup>th</sup> lies before me for which I thank you. As you have recd my previous letters in reference to the Gregoire lot, I need say nothing farther on the subject, except that altho we may lose now it, yet by your having part of the various lots purchased by Col. M. & myself, your bill still be a gain, for the whole cost to us does not average more than 7 cts. per lb. I wrote in a previous letter that I wished to withdraw from the joint purchase of ore, but as you must in your present letter of Jan 2<sup>nd</sup> that we are not to be purchased on the joint account except by the consent of Col. M. & myself. I am not unwilling to continue the same until I return Eastward, when I will farther speak with you on the subject. Let things remain in statu quo until then.

I have feared the former budget of ore I have more under which. I wish to send away some 1500 lbs of ore to my leaving, which I think will fairly test the market. I am anxious to leave between the middle of Feb. I have nearly completed the examination of your ore, by ore I will soon forward a report. One of the pieces of very excellent quality.

Being much occupied in returning I hope you will excuse my not writing more fully. — By the way, Misses H. are not sending away their cobalt ore, as you have heard, but intend to try & refine it here. They wish me to make the best quality for them, but I think they will apply to me after trial for other qualities. — My love to those of the family at home.

Yr. affec<sup>te</sup> nephew  
Jas B. Broth

Curtis Bolton Esq

Handwritten text, mostly illegible due to fading and bleed-through from the reverse side. Discernible words include "I have", "I wish", "I am", "I am not", "I am unwilling", "I will", "I have feared", "I wish", "I am anxious", "I have nearly", "I will soon", "One of the", "Being much", "excuse my", "By the way", "Misses H.", "are not", "intend to", "but I think", "they wish", "me to", "make the", "best quality", "for them", "but I think", "they will", "apply to", "me after", "trial for", "other qualities", "My love", "to those", "of the", "family", "at home".

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Dear Sir,  
 I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the matter of the  
 estate of the late John Smith, deceased, and in reply to inform you that the same has been forwarded to the  
 proper authorities for their consideration. I am, Sir, very respectfully,  
 Yours, &c.  
 J. B. Smith







... indeed several queens at a ball. The queens, usually the handsomest & richest of the flock, then choose their kings, who dare not refuse acceptance. & these kings are then obliged to give the next ball at their expense. As a set off, they have the privilege of dancing with their queens the whole evening or rather night. At some of the balls, among black & white, commonly called 'lute balls', the self constituted managers draw out lists of the dancers pairing them together, so that no choice is allowed of partners. It may seem surprising that after a hard day's work, the darkly race could dance all night, but the mystery is solved by observing their day's work. I think I am right in saying that the labor of one white laborer in the East is worth that of two blacks; I mean generally, for as there are exceptions among Eastern whites, so there are among the blacks here. The more I observe of slavery the more I feel myself opposed to it, although I am no abolitionist, as new Englanders announce it. I am far from believing that the slave here or elsewhere is so maltreated as is represented, for they are allowed many privileges, disallowed to white workmen. The way of work for on their own account. Some of them have purchased their own freedom & that of their family by their extra-work, & many more might do it, if they had the ambition & self control requisite for economizing. But there are many serious objections to slavery which I cannot now enumerate, more especially the moral injuries which such a state engenders both to white & black. I would the whole U.S. were free from slavery, but let us not be hasty in removing so deep seated & wide-spread a disease, lest too much blood may follow the knife that lances it. A man's wisdom so impotent, that he cannot devise a quiet remedy, that heals as it operates? Surely such a remedy may be well be decided.







Mine a la Motte, Feb 5<sup>th</sup> 1846

Dear Boye

I have to acknowledge the rec<sup>d</sup> of two letters from you one by E.B-n of Dec. 4<sup>th</sup>, the other of Jan<sup>y</sup> 18<sup>th</sup>, for both of which I thank you. First in reply to your query. The technical collection at the Franklin Institute belongs mainly to me, but I am unwilling to have it removed bodily from the Hall, for it is the only proper place for such a collection, & moreover I made some sort of promise to that effect. If you wish specimens for lecturing elsewhere, you will have to apply to the committee, in whose charge it is placed.

In reference to the Encyclop. of Chem., it will be impossible for me to continue it, I fear, for you know my whole time is now spent in making means of living. I may have time to devote to it, when I return again from the East, but such have been my labors for life-bread, that I fear I cannot sustain the "joint occupancy" of the Encyclop. & the Refinery. My operations are perfectly successful as far as the chemical part goes, but alas for the workmen here, the vats are leaky in spite of stopping, pitching & what not. I am today again engaged in resetting them to prevent leakage. I have

By the way, you will tell Mr. (Henry) that I will have that I was so much surprised to hear you were for the Encyclop. I wish you to "push" him for a letter from about to write that great volume, as if from yourself & not from me.



Dear Sir,

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 18th inst. and in reply to inform you that the same has been forwarded to the proper authorities for their consideration. I am sorry to hear that you are not well, and hope that you will soon be able to resume your usual avocations. I am, Sir, very respectfully,  
Yours, &c.

Dear Sir,

prepared some \$500 or more, & now know certainly that I can purify any desired quantity.

In regard to entering land, I have no farther opportunities at present, nor do I look for any others before Spring. After my return from the East, I may then find time to ride about the country in the way of exploration; at present I am otherwise too much occupied, & if not, I am not partial to wading through mud up the hub. I am driving my refining hard in order to complete the amt I had previously determined on in the shortest practicable time. This will probably be in 3 weeks, so that I can in all probability leave here by the 1<sup>st</sup> March. Among the metals of this region I may enumerate Iron, Lead, Copper, Cobalt, Manganese, Nickel, Tin (?), Antimony, Silver, Zinc, Tungsten, & in quantities nearly in the order enumerated.

I hope to bring some specimens with me of various ores.

I must beg you to excuse my writing more fully, as I have my hands constantly at work, which require my attention. Remember me to Lewis, Withnall, Mayall, Cooper & other friends & acquaintances.

Yrs. in friendship

Jas. H. Boye

Jas. H. Boye

P.S. Could you not call on Hart (Cory & Hart) & tell him that I was so much occupied as to have no time for the Encephal. I wish you to prepare him for a letter I am about to write. But speak to him, as if from yourself & not from me.











Primer a la carta, de 1840

Very dear Edward,

Letter from home. I feel in a more cheerful mood.

4) *Trichostema* als kleine, hängende, blasse, weisse  
 Trichterblüthe als <sup>6</sup> .) *Trichostema* in blasse, weisse, hängende

Handwritten text in a cursive script, likely a letter or document, with several lines of text visible.

(two) four of the rocks. I cannot say that I like the form

For the year ending 1897. The sum of \$100,000 was received from the sale of the land.

Handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page, appearing as a mirror image of the printed text.

א) שבת, ימים ארבעה עשר לפני חג. כל המצות והעבודות  
הנדרשות לו יתקיימו, ויחגגו לו חג, ויחגגו לו חג, ויחגגו לו חג.

It was felt to have the capital (London) and of our money -

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to a review of the literature on the topic.

1897

sufficient for a large still. I cannot recollect how much, but  
it seems to me that 5 H. was named. — It is impossible for  
me to say how near the spigots should be; it must be determined  
by experiment. I have thus answered all your queries, as far  
as my knowledge allows me, which you perceive is very limited.  
I shall be pleased to hear of your success in the S.W. whether  
it be at N. O. or Galveston. By the way, I have had some  
writings of your success in Richmond, altho' in a peculiar  
line of business. They say that the tapes of R. are fair. Is't so?  
I have been so annoyed & harassed by the lazy, lounging  
fellows, in the shape of workmen here that I have scarcely  
time for any thing. Now however I am driving the Refinery as  
fast as my boys can work, in order to ship off a quantity  
of skalt cude by the close of Feb'y. I shall then ship myself  
homeward. I have complained of the want of Refinement in Cincinnati  
what would you do here? Almost the only refined creature here  
I believe is my wife of skalt. I long to get away, & to effect  
this I am hurrying through work so vigorously, that some of  
my boys say, they never saw an Eastern man work so hard.  
Wishing you the success you desire, I am, dear Edward  
Yr. ever & affectionate Cousin  
Mr. Edward Bolton  
Care of Messrs. J. & B. Beards, & Co.  
New Orleans.



Dear Sir,  
I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 15th inst. in relation to the shipment of 3 casks of Soda ash. They have not yet arrived, but I await daily advices of their arrival. I have had them conditionally insured, not knowing whether you gave directions to your correspondents in N. York. I shall effect, I hope you have rec<sup>d</sup> the \$157 to from N. York on acct. of the goods.  
I am closely occupied with Refining Cobalt ore, being desirous of returning Eastward as soon as practicable, probably by the close of the present month. My prospects work to perfection, nor could I desire their improvement.  
I intend to ship several barrels of oxide of iron to N. Y. in the course of a couple of weeks, two of which are designed for our experiments. Keep this matter entirely private, as it is connected with something of importance.  
I have not made a purchase of Cobalt mines but I shall make arrangements in the East so to do. That one of which we spoke is still offered. But I can get a fortune here with much less capital. As I intend returning so soon, I think it advisable to let things between us remain as they are. My Regards to Mrs. May & Biddle.  
Respectfully yours  
Jas B. Smith

Know all men by these presents that I have given and assigned to the said Jas B. Smith

Dear Sir,

I wrote you a few weeks since acknowledging your favor of Dec. 15<sup>th</sup> advising me of the shipment from Phil<sup>a</sup> of 3 casks of Soda ash. They have not yet arrived, but I await daily advices of their arrival. I have had them conditionally insured, not knowing whether you gave directions to your correspondents in N. York. I shall effect, I hope you have rec<sup>d</sup> the \$157 to from N. York on acct. of the goods.

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Wm Coffin, Esq. Philadelphia

Jas B. Smith



Witness my hand and seal this 1st day of August 1848

Know all men by these presents that Louis Hagen his heirs executors administrators and assigns are firmly bound unto W. Wallon Fleming General Agent of the Proprietors of Mine a la Motte in the penal sum of \$10,000 (Ten Thousand Dollars) lawful money of the United States well and truly to be paid unto the said agent his successors or assigns

The conditions of the above obligation are that the said Louis Hagen is a miner under the rules and regulations for the government of the La Motte mines obligating himself thereby and also his assigns to render to the agent aforesaid of said mines whenever called upon a true and faithful account of all the ores raised smelted or manufactured by or under him and to set aside and deliver to the agent aforesaid the one tenth part of all the products thus smelted or manufactured as properly rent according to the Proprietors agreeable to the aforementioned rules. It is clearly understood that the products above referred to shall be perfectly merchantable and as free from impurity as the nature of the ore will admit. The said Louis Hagen also binds himself on or before the sixth day of August 1848 quietly and peaceably to surrender the premises now occupied or which may be occupied (in addition to those at present occupied by him) in the prosecution of his works with all the fixtures thereunto appertaining.

These conditions being well and truly fulfilled the above obligation to be void otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

In witness whereof the said parties have hereunto set their hands and seals this 1st day of August 1848

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In witness whereof the said parties have hereunto set their hands and seals this 1st day of August 1848



Mine a la Motte, Feb 10<sup>th</sup> 1846.

To Messrs. Henry, Little & Pomeroy.

Gentlemen.

The following Report is offered to you as the result of my examination of the Buckeye Copper Mine, situated about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  miles S.E. of Fredericktown, Madison County, Missouri,

The geological position of the Lode is believed to be that of the Lower Silurian Limestone, and, as is common to ores of this region, near the contact of the Limestone & Porphyry.

The Lode is of that kind, denominated a *Rake Vein* in England, being nearly vertical, and having a bearing of N. 65° W. It has been explored to the depth of 85 ft. from the surface, by a vertical shaft; from which several drifts or galleries have been run in the line of bearing; and at the depth of 80 ft. a drift running along the vein exposes the prevailing character of the ore, through a length of 50 ft. As usual with metallic veins, the upper portions are more acted upon & altered by atmospheric agents, but at the depth of the lowest drift, the ore being almost wholly sulphuretted, may be assumed to present such characters & composition as will continue less subject to variation. In stating the depth of the Lode to be 85 ft., its length 50 ft. & its average breadth two yards, it should be borne in mind that the Lode has only been partially explored, & that abundance of ore still remains at the termination of the galleries, & below the lowest point attained, 85 ft. so that the actual dimensions of the Lode cannot be given.

The S. Eastern end of the lowest drift consists mainly of a Black pulverulent Ore, while the rest is composed of several kinds



Pyritous Copper, with portions of the black ore disseminated through  
them. Near the vertical shaft at 85 ft. depth, a darker yellow Pyrites  
occupies two feet of the lode on breadth. Limestone either as sand  
or in larger pieces is distributed irregularly through the lode, which  
often presents the character of a Breccia, with angular fragments of  
Limestone imbedded in a matrix of Copper ore.  
The black pulverulent ore, which appears in various portions of  
the lode but constitutes the principal part of the lode at its S. E.  
extremity, is a partially decomposed Copper Pyrites with intermingled  
particles of limestone. This crude & unselected ore when subjected  
to analysis yielded 12 per. cent of metallic copper. When subjected  
to washing the finer sediment, which settles in the vat, was found  
to contain 34 per. cent. of metallic copper.  
The Pyritous ores may be distributed into three varieties, a dull  
yellow ore cutting readily with a coppery streak, an ordinary yellow ore  
cutting with a yellow streak, & a light yellow ore of a harder character  
& often still lighter in tint than Iron Pyrites. The first of these was found  
to contain 49½ per. cent. of metallic copper, the second variety 31 per. cent.,  
and the light yellow ore only a few per. cent of the metal. It is diffi-  
cult to estimate the relative quantities of these varieties, but it is certain  
that the two former constitute at least one half or two thirds of the  
whole quantity of pyritous copper.  
Besides the ores above enumerated, metallic or native copper is  
found in several parts of the vein and considerable masses of Vitreous  
Copper, one ordinary specimen of which contained 64 per. cent., accor-  
ding to an analysis recited by Dr. Chilton of New York.



From the preceding description of the Buckeye Copper Mine, it  
must be evidently regarded as a lode of unusual richness & dimensions.  
Moreover it offers no ordinary facilities for throwing off the ore into  
any market or for working it into copper stone or fine metal upon  
the ground. The shaft is situated on elevated ground, so that the water  
raised by the pump is readily drawn off; and altho' there is so little  
water in the lode, that the force of two horses is all sufficient to remove  
it, yet it may be conveniently employed for washing ore. There is  
also an abundance of lumber in the vicinity, & Pine forests lie within  
a mile of the lode. The distance of the mine from the Mississippi is but  
35 miles, over a good road, terminating at St Mary's Landing, which  
is regarded as one of the best landings on the Mississippi between  
St Louis & the mouth of the Ohio.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,  
Your obedient servant  
J. W. Broth  
Prof. of Chem.  
Mem: Am. Phil. Soc. &c

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But then the journey would afford so much pleasure, in passing over the Rocky mountain Peaks, inhabited by Indians, bears, wolves & trappers, & in sweeping down their Western flanks across Oregon to the shores of the mighty Pacific, whence you might return home by way of Calcutta & the Cape of Good Hope, after stopping at the Sandwich Islands & China. Eliza said then done, notwithstanding the improvements of the last two decennaries in navigation & land flights seem to annihilate distance on our little globe. With all their improvements & onward marches, I would just now vastly prefer a more rapid transition from West to East, than I might some pleasant evening, no, I mean some rainy evening which is my visiting time, just look in through the half open door, see George & Sally, sitting by the table in the dining room, with the lamp casting a shade of light on some stockings, you are denning or some doct. S. is humming & which you are to mark 1, 2, 3, & 4. with indelible ink, while the nice little stove is diffusing an agreeable warmth around. You have looked through the N. American about war & horrid catastrophes, & cut out a little piece against the use of segars which you are going to send me. S. stops a moment: "When will J. be here?" "In about 6 weeks". S. S. "Law now, thinking of J. I have hummed this on the wrong side. never mind, it's only a kitchen towel." A.B. "I'll keep this scrap on segars till comes back. I'll get his last letter & see the date of it to know when he will be here." A.B. goes for the letter. Soon she calls out "Sally have you seen my key?" The key is found & after some rummaging the letter, which is brought out, but after blowing out the lamp in the entry to prevent the smell the wicked smell from coming into the room, & sitting down at the table & opening the letter, it proves to be a receipt for pew rent or something else. Finally the letter is got, the time carefully calculated, but still uncertain, for it depends on the Refinery & on other things. Then there is stillness & work for some time, then a little chat about matters & things in general, & some things in particular. Finally, the

And now begins the rambles & drops a grain or two on the eyes, when it set

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and men begin his rambles & drop a grain or two on the eyes, where it settles & produces a few winks & blinks, until Sarah is called, a chapter read, the lamp extinguished & put on the little card table; & sundry little lights gradually disappear & leave the world in darkness. Thus your evening paper, now how do you think I spend mine? Just take the railway of thought & look down upon me. I sit a little while after supper at 6 o'clock, & put on overshoes & tramp through mud or dust about two square's distance to Mr. Hagins. There we sit & talk half German, half English, about Cobalt & mining & smelting; then on general subjects; in which Mr. H. now & then puts in a remark, his sister sitting by without uttering a word, while their little daughter, 6 yrs. old, is playing with a little kitchen I gave her. The two ladies are working hard, Mrs. H. perhaps making her husband's pants, or her own dress or her child's, or mending for the blacks. After some time Mr. H. says: "Well, shall we play something? What shall it be?" "The Hammer & Bell." The ladies put work aside: & we have an amusing little game of Hammer & Bell. We stop at 11 & sit and talk a little while, when I adjourn homewards to meet again the next evening. I sometimes read to Mr. H. some of your letters, which delight her, & then she advises me to get married & bring my wife out here, for she has a little company. I think you would like her very much. She is in my estimation one of nature's ladies, polite, modest, kind devoted to her husband, & withal much inclined to a pure piety. Mr. H. is a rationalist, but sincere & desirous of investigating the truth, with a strong persuasion of an overruling Providence. Notwithstanding opinions I had heard at first coming here against his disposition shown against his character, I prefer him to almost any other I have met with, for I found rumor had been false, & he who was represented as being exceedingly selfish proved to be most free from it, where he has confidence in a folk. I have seen much ill feeling disappear.

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1841 Aug 18th, Sunday

I have understood that both he & M<sup>rs</sup> B. object to the m-g of any of their d-gh rs, & that he is especially opposed to it. It is fair to reason on such resolutions. 1. He declares that he has lived unhappily & would not wish to see his children suffer. 2. Or, as that is not so, he could find no one to make as happy a home for his children as he & M<sup>rs</sup> B. have made. Well, it is possible but not probable that other such cannot be found. But I cannot assume this to be the ground, for I have a higher opinion of him. 3. If neither of these positions are true, perhaps he or they are loth to part with their d-rs. Assume this to be the ground. Take the difference in age between them & their d-rs, & assume that the life lives of each may be equally long. Then this difference, say 20 years, must be passed by the d-rs in a lonely state, or rather it may be. The sons will probably separate from them, having separate interests; & even some of the d-rs will separate from the rest in a similar manner. But I find I am running too far with the subject. I still entertain the same feelings towards them, still think the sons of S. & will & must think so, until I know whether she be long-d, or whether she may have no regard for me. Would that I knew either of these, for then I might submit with more cheerfulness to the Will of my Father in Heaven. As it is, I submit, for I have nothing else to do.

Your encumbrances on Robert I acknowledge to be true, and have often regretted that my distance & engagements have



hitherto debared me from the pleasure of his society. My best  
regards to him & his wife, when you next see them. Under the  
circumstances, it would be indelicate for me to say any thing to any  
others of the family, therefore I forbear, altho' with a full heart.  
They love to Uncle, Aunt & Eleanor, when you next see them. I  
deem their snug little cottage a Paradise compared with this  
Western Wild. My kindest regards to Post, & a kiss from me  
to the little ones. I am driving business hard, in order to  
get away from here by the end of the month; so that you  
may expect to see me in March. Will them, fare ye well.  
You therefore should feel a yr. affect<sup>d</sup> cousin  
Jas Booth  
Mr Mary Post  
Warren St. above Henry  
Brooklyn, N. York

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Handwritten text, likely a letter or journal entry, written in cursive script. The text is dense and covers most of the page.

Handwritten text, likely a signature or a short note, located at the bottom of the left page.

Mr. Jos. E. Hoover

Mein a la molle, Feb. 15<sup>th</sup> 1846

Your favor of 24<sup>th</sup> Jan<sup>y</sup>, my dear friend, shamed me fairly, when I thought on the lapse of time since my departure from the circle of friends in Philad<sup>a</sup>, without a written word having issued from my pen, to prove to you in some measure the esteem I entertain towards you. For all the words cannot convey without fail the true sentiments of the heart, since they may be over-ruled by heartless & feeling indifference, yet in this, as in other things, human nature requires something tangible to relieve itself of doubts that will spring up in the mind. We grasp at an expression of kindly feeling as the it were the feeling itself. Let you therefore should feel a regret, to say the least, at my total silence, I will even break it with a few noisy words.

In reply to your kind favor, I can only say in reference to the school, that altho' I had formed plans for its guidance, yet I never carried them out fully, & that I did not, has been a constant subject of regret to me, and in order to show in some measure for my conscious short-coming in duty, that school has been one theme in my prayers & that almost daily. I appreciate highly of a little external improvement in the room, whether for utility, ornament or comfort, but you do wrong in ascribing any such changes to me, for if memory serves me, I derived these views from you. I was a mere tyro when appointed to superintend the school, and freely acknowledge that nearly all the better changes wrought under me were due to your suggestions. You know me well enough to know that these expressions are not a return for the kind remarks you make respecting me, but that it is my honest opinion.







my attachment to the Episcopal Church. I endeavored sometime in  
Oct. last to open a Sabbath school in the mines, but such is the muddy  
character of the roads during the winter that I could have not found  
more than 2 or 3 scholars & teachers. Intending to leave here soon for  
the East I shall defer opening the school until my return in the Spring.

I have often thought that my friends in Phil<sup>a</sup> must have regarded  
my speculations about the West as very visionary, mere dreams of the  
imagination, particularly as I declaimed enthusiastically on the Mines of Mo.  
I am sorry that I did so, for it is foolish to be too sanguine. Nevertheless now  
that I speak from positive knowledge, from the evidence of my senses, I am  
satisfied that I did not overrate the prospects here. It may  
be that for want of capital I may not derive as much  
benefit as I anticipated but still I shall obtain more  
than I can use myself, & perhaps more than would be good  
for me. If I thought I would not use my profits rightly  
I do not wish to derive any thing more than to obliterate my expenses.  
I perceive by the N. American, which Belle kindly sends to me, that you  
are adhering closely to enterprise in the preparation of Abam. Cement.  
Stick to it! The parcel of ink to which you put up for me, has been  
very useful to me. We had it once so bitter cold that the ink froze in my  
room with a fire. It was just water, so I immersed it down to 3/4 of an hour  
it. You see what kind it is now.

Pray offer my kindest regards to the Teachers in the school, &  
assure them that, such is the destitution of religious opportunities here,  
I truly envy them their position in the school, & in the social meeting for  
mutual edification. I will try to find time to write to the boys & therefore  
send no special message to them now. Adieu. Your friend, Jabb Booth







the sale in order to obtain an interest in the mine. I will do it yet  
I am actively employed in preparing oxide, & were my packing  
barrels here, could send off 1000 H in 3 days. With many  
unforeseen drawbacks, I may not be able to leave here until after  
the 1st March, for I wish to see several 1000 H on their way  
to market prior to my departure.  
My love to Emily & the children, & to Mother & Sally,  
when you write. I write to Mother every week regularly, I have  
done so from the hour I left Philad<sup>a</sup>.  
Your affectionate brother,  
Jas B Booth  
C. W. Feltner, Esq  
New York

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Jas B Booth

C. W. Feltner, Esq

New York

delightful weather lately, the roads of spring  
or frost that I had seen of good roads, but yesterday  
morning we had a shower of sharp lightning & heavy  
thunder with rain, hail, snow & sleet, & the water was  
ing to complete the first season of meteorological phenomena.  
In this cold & wet weather, however, my furnace-parlour is far  
from being disagreeable, for we had the 3 large iron stoves heated  
up to a high red heat from 10 to 6 o'clock yesterday, & the  
off some 4 or 5 H of ore, containing about a cord of wood. To  
day we are firing up the stoves again, but not so high, as you  
might be able to see, pouring out of the chimney a fine  
my furnace-stove. My stoves might make abundance of



My dear Mother, I am still in the same state of health as I was when I last wrote to you. I am still in the same state of health as I was when I last wrote to you. I am still in the same state of health as I was when I last wrote to you.

Yours affectionately

Feb 11. 1846

Monte la Morte, Feb 8 1846

Here I am still, my dear Mother, altho' I had hoped ere this to have been on my way homeward. I was it not for unavoidable delays caused by others, my intention to leave on the 15th would have been carried into effect. I rec'd a letter a few days since from Mr. A. much more satisfactory to me than one or 2 preceding letters from him, giving more correct information & more satisfactory news from England in reference to the Cobalt business. He says also that they will be delighted to see me in N.Y., but that I must be sure to send off a good lot of oxide first. I have now some 1500 H. nearly ready & hope by the close of the month to ship several 1000 H. when I shall leave for the last. At present it would not be so easy to leave here, the snow having fallen yesterday & to-day to a good depth, unless I could find a high which is almost unknown here practically. We had some delightful weather lately, the roads drying so fast, that I had several good horse-back rides, but yesterday morning we had a curious mixture of sharp lightning & heavy thunder with rain, hail, snow & sunshine, & steel was only wanting to complete the first volume of meteorological phenomena. In this cold & cool weather, however, my furnace-operations are far from being disagreeable, for we had the 3 large iron kettles heated up to a bright red heat from 10 to 6 o'clock yesterday, & worked off some 4 or 500 H. of ore, consuming about a cord of wood. To-day we are firing up the kettles again, but not so high, & you might see clouds of steam pouring out of the sundry cracks in my furnace-shanty. My kettles might make abundance of



Handwritten text in Chinese characters, likely a letter or document. The text is written in a cursive style and covers the entire page.

Souchong or Chow'oo tea for a large tea party at the Chinese  
Museum, for I can boil 100 galls. of water in them every  
30 minutes. By some mismanagement my boys made a little hole  
in my big copper kettle in which I can boil 70 galls., so that now  
I have to make my cobalt-tea (or cowball, as some of the blacks call  
it) in my iron kettles. We were so busy at work yesterday that I  
never thought of the red dust flying about the furnaces until I had  
finished, when my blue coat, my shirt, and all were all red, & I had even  
put on a red wig. The room was easily cleared by a violent shaking  
of the tables by 2 or 3 cups of water, followed by a whiskey faze. The  
whiskey bottle given to you might have done me excellent service.  
As I have to show my hands (workmen) every operation, so you may  
imagine my hands to be covered with <sup>personal</sup> clean-fitting gloves, as variously  
tinted as Joseph's coat, the various ingredients of the refining being  
thoroughly interwoven with the skin & rendering it impregnable to  
mottled lard, baked by warm water & cement. But still it is  
more pleasant than out door work in such gross plucking weather, & I  
can operate in spite of snow or frost or mud; for I have laid some  
plank from the house to the laboratory, whence it is but one step to  
the refining; nor do I mind to walk out in such weather, thanks to  
my good coat. Caution shows. I have worn out 2 pairs, & am  
doing my best to make leak holes in the 3<sup>rd</sup>, so that I was in the  
right to bring out several pairs with me. Indeed I find that I  
had provided myself fully with all the essentials for health and  
comfort, & that a surplus remained, particularly in the abun-



...dancer of old reels, one of which I have given to one of my boys, & intend  
that another shall follow its predecessor, illustrious that was once.  
You will find by the date of my letter that it is a little later than usual  
for me to write, but I have been much occupied, & could not well  
write earlier. My correspondence this winter has been rather extensive,  
& by this mail I send off no less than 4 letters, with pages pretty  
well crowded (25<sup>th</sup>)  
On Monday next they propose assembling the militia of  
medison Co. for the first time, when if the weather be not too  
unfavorable I anticipate some amusement in witnessing their  
maneuvers. I shall have a part to act in the Drama,  
they having chosen me to read Washington's farewell  
address, while acting as one of Col. Fleming's staff.  
You had no idea of my entering on a military career.  
But I cannot help thinking that if war should take place with  
Mexico, the officers would receive the news with resignation.  
I am obliged to close for the mail, & go to refining. My love to  
daddy, & assure my relatives & friends of my affectionate & kind  
remembrances. I anxiously await a letter from you.  
Yr. affec<sup>to</sup> son  
Jas<sup>d</sup> Birch  
300 Pine St.  
Philadelphia

...

...

...



to you for it, my friend and helper, but if it can  
be sold at a fair price, I would prefer to sell it.  
Mines a la Motte, 21<sup>st</sup> Feb. 1846  
Dear Uncle,

Your favors of 30<sup>th</sup> Jan. & 4<sup>th</sup> Feb. were both  
received yesterday. I am obliged to you for the settlement  
of the draft upon <sup>you</sup>, made in compliance with your permis-  
sion when you were at the mines. The agreement between  
us for the Reynolds Copper tract was \$1000 for one undi-  
vided third of the same. I consented with Col. M. to make  
you that offer in consequence of advances made by you  
for Cobalt-ores, altho' I was of opinion that the prospect of  
a good Copper mine was worth at the least \$5 or \$6000.  
I went out to the mine lately with a miner (from Cornwall)  
to let him see the ground & ascertain what he would charge  
for opening it. As soon as the weather permits digging, we  
shall have the place examined more closely. I do assure you,  
that after being there several times, & examining other Copper  
openings, I think it the best prospect for a Copper lode of  
any other in this region.

I think you may have misunderstood me in regard to the  
Porter farm. I think the mineral prospect a good one, but  
by no means equal to the sum which Col. M. wished me

to give for it, my friend and helper, but if it can  
be sold at a fair price, I would prefer to sell it.  
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to give for it for my friend in Philad<sup>a</sup>, but if it can  
be sold at a fair price, I would prefer it for you, as I  
am sure the money could be better invested. I have re-  
fused to take the  $\frac{1}{6}$  of Col. M., & of course I consider  
your offer of a part to me as void, since the cost to you  
ought to be diminished as much as possible. More of this  
when we meet in N.Y. We shall purchase no more cobalt  
ore unless at very low rates. It is better to rest awhile  
to lull the people to sleep.

In reference to Mr. Dean's tract near Potosi, I would  
advise you to be careful, for I cannot learn any thing satis-  
factory in regard to it, nor could I unless I could spend  
some time there, which is out of my power. I see more  
than ever the necessity of caution in making mining pur-  
chases in Mo.

Col. Fleming is obliged to you for your prompt atten-  
tion to the Mill. They are erecting lab. works, but they have  
called on me for assistance & I shall work some ores for  
them in my own works. I have about \$1500 ready, in one  
half of which you are interested. I hope to leave here in about  
2 weeks. Love to all the family. Yr. affec<sup>t</sup> nephew  
C. Bolton, Esq  
New York  
Jas<sup>h</sup> Booth



Free your letter, Feb. 20

Mine a la Motte, Feb. 25<sup>th</sup> 1846  
Snow, snow, cold, bitter cold; the thermometer stationary, but  
about zero; the creek frozen hard; my rats all frozen; wood  
scarce & hard to get; the feet getting cold in a room with a good  
stove; running & hard work to keep warm; a few hard turns at the  
grinding mill; then dash into the house to get warm by the fire;  
out again into the refinery; break up the ice in the rats; dip my  
hands in the ice cold water: put on wood, boys; that's right; get the  
kettles red hot & see if we can keep out Jack Frost; who says  
John Frost has failed; I tell you he has a large store-house,  
whence he is liberally dispensing his icy gifts; he first went in  
Nov. was a prince to a long residence; for here he is in all his white  
clothing, as fresh as when he first came. He is usually shy of this  
region, but this winter he has defied his modesty, & put on a hard  
face, alarming the inhabitants, who never recollect such a winter;  
not even "the oldest inhabitants." When will he be driven off by vernal  
showers, asks every one. Patience, patience all for the best; if the old  
saying be true, it will be healthy next summer, alarmingly so for the  
Dr. the pillar of health. This bitter cold braces the body, tighter than  
modern corsets or Russian belts; & makes wholesome cheeks to those  
that face it in woolen peasant's cloths of Pilot cloth, provided they take  
care to keep dry feet & sleep warm. Go it, old Jack; I will patiently  
await thy departure: altho' thou detainest me two weeks longer than  
I anticipated; for why should I wish thee away when wishing cannot  
drive thee; when I am in excellent health & spirits; when I would  
not wish to travel eastward in thy company. Take your time, old man."



1848

3<sup>rd</sup> The Parade, the Review, the Militia, the Military Ball. The 22<sup>nd</sup> coming on Sunday, the grand display must be on Monday. But how with the snow? O, it only snowed for 3 days, then froze on Sunday, & on Monday was a pleasant day, with a little thaw; thank you, Mr. Frost. The Colonel commands "assembly at 9 AM in Fredericktown" Buckle on armor, mount the sled, dash off at speed to the town. Bustle, bustle; 200 soldiers, 100 fully equipped, gallant, gay officers; 2 or 300 gazers; The command of Gobin is translated in the popular language of a multitude, the col. setting the definition himself. Cavalry (50 men equipped) dismount! march in double file to the Methodist church! Rifle & other infantry follow! Officers, rally around, follow & close the rear! Ladies, there's room for you in the body of the house, altho' you are 15 in number. Citizens, occupy the rest! now all be seated, where you can, the rest stand at ease if you can. The Rev. Mr. Long opens the meeting with prayer. What tho' many are prejudiced against him; if a few are true, amid the crowd, tell all the earth keep silent before the 'L. & S. for he is there. Honor, is not the man, the subject. If his words be good, the sincere heart can respond. Altho' therefore thank with God with him for the blessing; our country has received <sup>clergy</sup> through Washington; pray with him for their continuance, & that we may use them aright. The assembly will now listen to a few extracts from Washington's Farewell Address, read by Prof. Beeth. How rich in sincerity & affection for his country is that address; how simple the words! no flowery larding of language, no superabund of expressions; plain, straight-forward, abounding in common sense, the richest jewel in the mind of man. Jefferson, Madison, Jackson, & all you, who have occupied his seat; I fear me that model has not been in your eye. And ye, who occupy the seats of legislators, sadly have ye fallen from that noble standard. Americans, read that address, study it, reflect on it, let it guide you.



your career as citizens. Mark that earnest appeal, not to indulge neither  
prejudice nor antipathy against any other nation, & ask yourselves whether  
you have not burst that barrier, which he endeavored to raise, by harboring  
hostile feelings against England, & explaining all her acts as evidence  
of hostility to you. Ah, the shoe pinches! - Again, let the assembly  
listen awhile for 45 minutes to an address or oration by Col. Fleming,  
commemorative of the great & good Washington, contrasting, not com-  
paring him with conquerors. A good address, will deliver; cheering!  
March out in order; cavalry mount! infantry, form! Now march to the  
battle field! Let your officers drain you a little while, then send the  
adjutant to inform the Colonel that the line is ready for review. The  
Col. mounts & is followed by his staff officers. Thence to the marquee  
in front of the line, then pass along the whole front, around the back,  
& again to the marquee: the line breaks into columns of  
platoons & marches in front of the Col's staff; Officers  
salute. Cavalry march well; infantry, pretty well done,  
for the first crude attempt. Now, the Col. puts the line  
through various manœuvres, when they march in double file  
back to town, followed by a crowd of citizens on horse-back, & foot back.  
Parade through town, & dismiss! Now to dinner! Then talk all the afternoon  
of the Grand Review! How splendid! Tremble, Mexico, tremble England before  
such an army! The throne of Montezuma shakes; & Queen Victoria thinks there  
must be an earthquake. Now assemble again at the Grand Military ball!  
Be there at 7 P.M. & dance heartily until 5 A.M. - A crowd, a galaxy of  
beauty, brilliant costumes; a few tallow candles, beware your nice coat!  
Three fiddles, how lively; dance, dance, dance; nothing else; take care of  
your toes; these dancers never walk, their feet are nervous & twitch with  
the violence of a guilty toe; their legs fly up & down like a sawyer in the  
mississippi. Hands, arms, eyes, legs, body, all dance lustily. Now walk up  
to the supper table; eat, drink & be cheerful, but temperate. Dance, dance again

your career as citizens. Mark that earnest appeal, not to indulge neither  
prejudice nor antipathy against any other nation, & ask yourselves whether  
you have not burst that barrier, which he endeavored to raise, by harboring  
hostile feelings against England, & explaining all her acts as evidence  
of hostility to you. Ah, the shoe pinches! - Again, let the assembly  
listen awhile for 45 minutes to an address or oration by Col. Fleming,  
commemorative of the great & good Washington, contrasting, not com-  
paring him with conquerors. A good address, will deliver; cheering!  
March out in order; cavalry mount! infantry, form! Now march to the  
battle field! Let your officers drain you a little while, then send the  
adjutant to inform the Colonel that the line is ready for review. The  
Col. mounts & is followed by his staff officers. Thence to the marquee  
in front of the line, then pass along the whole front, around the back,  
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to the supper table; eat, drink & be cheerful, but temperate. Dance, dance again



Dear Sir,

Dear Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 29th inst. and in reply to inform you that the same has been forwarded to the proper authorities for their consideration. I am, Sir, very respectfully,  
Yours obedient servant,  
J. B. Smith

J. B. Smith

J. B. Smith

Mon. a la Morte, 26th Feb. 1846.

My dear Friend,  
Your 2 favours of 29th Dec. & Jan. 20th lie before me, & I thank you for their contents in reference to business, & to other subjects equally interesting to me. I regret that the acids could not have been sent at an earlier day, for I shall not be able to receive them in person, it being my design to leave here in the course of a couple of weeks. —

The cold, the bitter, long-enduring cold, unknown to the oldest inhabitants, has put me back several weeks; and even now Jack Frost keeps a a two feet white coat on the landscape, probably with the amicable design of making the next summer healthy & corn-bearing. If I step out on horse-back or foot-back he gives some severe twitches of the nose & ears, but still he is very kind in giving a ruddy complexion to all who treat him well. He has always been a special friend of mine, & even now, I love to see his beautiful white castles painted on the windows of a morning, & mourn to see his air-castles melt into nothing before the bright beams of his adversary old Sol. I am so anxious to return Eastward to see a few folk, that I am half inclined to start off, even if Jack insists on keeping me company.







21. 11. 1844

But what am I to do here, when they have so little Winter? When it begins on the 26<sup>th</sup> now, with 5° below Zero, & keeps up a running fire of snow & ice during 3 long months, entering March with ice 6 inches thick, snow several inches deep, & the ground frozen to the depth of a foot at least. Tell me this is no winter. I rode down to the landing, last Friday to go up to St Louis, but found the River full of floating ice, & the water so cold, that one good cold, of 18 or 20° would have blocked the River a second time this winter. Yet it is a remarkable winter here, for all the original inhabitants agree that they never witnessed its equal since boyhood. I cannot help regretting it, as it has proved a drawback of at least 6 weeks in the prosecution of my refining operations. Goods shipped from Phil<sup>a</sup> on 16<sup>th</sup> Dec. have not yet arrived, & cannot get up the river. Against such odds I cannot contend, I have about 2 weeks work before me, ere I can leave here, & I must even wait patiently until the weather will let me go forward.















Dear Sir,

I am still without answer to the statement of the school from 2. 9. to our landing, & would be obliged to you if you would write a word to your correspondent. If it is not too late, I am obliged to have your statement of the school landing. I am obliged to have your statement of the school landing. I am obliged to have your statement of the school landing.

Yours truly,

Wm. L. Garrison

Philadelphia

10th Sept. 1840

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of dear, all the I saw near. I am no sportsman. I have never  
 gone out of my way, have not seen a single deer, then not hunter  
 here, however, who can go out.  
 Mine a la Motte, 4. Mar. 1846  
 Your favor of 2. Feb., dear Sir, afforded me much gratifica-  
 tion, from the circumstantial evidence it conveyed, that Mr J.B.  
 Miner & Smelter or refiner, was not wholly erased from your slate.  
 Pray let his name stand there for a few weeks, & then you may write  
 anew from self-observation, if it be in the least obliterated. For vanity  
 prompts me to believe that "calum non animum mutauit qui trans  
 praerie currunt," & that I am the same sober folk, that I have  
 been, never indulging in violent laughter, excepting at singular  
 definitions of jests or a fondness for them.  
 I thank you for the sundry items of news, none of which I have  
 found in the north American. I should therefore have otherwise  
 learned. I think however the goodest fama, has erred in giving  
 birth to a report relative to Mr H. & Miss H. that if I may  
 judge by the evidence of visage when I quietly introduced the sub-  
 ject of Cooper & Miss A. to him. At all events there is no likelihood  
 of his returning to that path, if he ever walked in it. By the way,  
 I am much pleased with Mr J. & cannot be otherwise with a gentleman  
 of refined feelings & manners, & as I believe of a high moral tone,  
 excuse my laudology, for gentleman conveys all this to my mind.  
 I would you could spend a short time here, & rough it with us  
 over hill & dale. Last Friday the 23<sup>rd</sup>, I rode down to the landing,  
 80 miles to go up to St Louis, but finding the river blockaded by  
 ice, returned the next day to the mines. I saw on my route two flocks  
 of turkeys & one of wild geese, & heard from sportsmen of abundance



of deer, altho' I saw none. I am no sportsman, & havin' never  
gone out of my way, have not seen a single deer; there are hunters  
here, however, who can go out & kill one at any time. Partridges are  
abundant, but such insects are disdained by our sportsmen. Come on.  
I have a noble little animal for you to ride; full blood; from a  
Yucatec race course; full of life & gaily; go it, young! & away  
the bounds. As John says, she's my pet. The only fault is an aller-  
aversion to a coal wagon or any or-lean, inducing her often to leap  
so feet into the bushes, to the great danger of my pants & native  
garments.

One drawback to the pleasure of residence here is the limited  
circle of acquaintance; indeed my circle is a straight line, "the shortest  
distance between two points" which points are the & Mr. Hagen's  
family. And even here my number of visits is limited, for this  
Prolean place, called m. a la motte, becomes too often m. a fat head,  
of the most adhesive boot-jack character. I have therefore no need  
of J.P.'s remedy for creaking shoes.

I am glad to hear of Corper's engagement with Miss W., altho'  
report too often rings in the ears an empty sound, instead of ringing  
the finger, & I agree with you, that the silver tones of "I will" are  
far more conclusive. I hope, however, that he will be M.D. before  
m-d, as the course of study in each of these branches of science is  
essentially different, incongruous, incompatible & distracting.

My prospects of business are still flattering, altho' the intensely  
cold & protracted winter, unremembered in like by the oldest inhabitant

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Mine a la molle, 6. Mar. 1846

Dear Richard,

Once, when I had a small superfluous deposit of time about that time last year, when your welcome letter was handed to me, I determined to write to you, but then my old complaint gave me such violent twitches, as obliged me to desert for the month. My complaint was a complicated disorder, consisting in a multiplicity of engagements, of a varied character, beginning on Physics, Chem. pure, Chem. applied, giving instruction in Pract. Chem., making/analyses of ores, &c., writing for scientific journals, & finally thrusting my head & hands, I cannot say my heart, into a Big Encyclop. of Chem.; and altho' the best remedy for the disease was time, yet it had made such headway, that some other nostrum was needed, especially as I was almost forced to abandon the equally important social duties of life, such as visiting in refined & refining society, writing to Cousins, &c. At length, last Summer a remedy seemed to offer in the shape of mining & smelting a metallic ore (new in this country) in Missouri. I accordingly repaired thither, resolved in a week's observation to abandon every thing in the East & move Westward temporarily, thus cutting the Gordian knot that firmly bound me. Thus set loose from my many engagements, I winged my way westward, I suppose some would say "like a wild goose"; & here I have been residing since the 1. Nov., pleasantly enough in a good log-house with a sort of up stairs & a little hole in the clay for a cellar.



















minute & special directions to cookery to prepare them for the table. Was ever  
a feast so rich; the whole of the little plate was his triumph over the finney-  
tribe. That is his initiatory attempt. Now the barbed hook replaces the pin,  
a strong chord the thread, a long cane the little stick, & he despises the  
poor little winnow that erst <sup>was</sup> his ambition to entrap. He will sit the  
whole day on a fallen tree, in the burning sun, watching the floating cork  
with incredible patience, & goes home not wearied out, with a glorious nibble  
to repay his labor. This is natural, but the natural, not therefore noble.  
He may discern in it the germ of ambition, the lust of dominion, that some  
time may expand itself over his relations to his fellow man. Or even if it  
should stretch no farther, it may become a passion, an independent passion;  
a passion for what? For killing as many of the most beautiful produc-  
tions of nature as skill or boldness warrants. Away with  
such passions! I want none of them. I wish to shoot  
well with a rifle or a shot gun, for self defence or for obtaining  
food, but never to give pain to an animal, or to destroy that incomprehen-  
sible vitality, which God has given, for mere sport.

I am sorry that I wrote to you so early not to reply again  
to my letters, for now I shall be without advice from you until  
I reach home again. My Refining operations are fast drawing to a  
close, the weather being propitious. In consequence of being detained  
by the long, hard winter, I shall have a larger quantity of Cobalt  
prepared than I anticipated, so that I shall be relieved from  
some later work. I am awaiting a man from St Louis with some  
apparatus to give the closing finishing touch to my product.  
My love to Sally & much to yourself from yr. affec<sup>te</sup> Son  
Jas. North







1821, January 21, Sunday

Dear Mother

I am writing you from the city of St. Louis

I am writing you from the city of St. Louis, where I have been living since last October, about 30 miles West of the Mississippi River, about 90 miles S. of the city of St. Louis. There are a great many people living near here, about 700, most of whom are engaged in digging into the ground & blowing up rocks, to get out lead ore; that is, a kind of stone, <sup>from</sup> which, when put into a large fire-place & blown upon by a large bellows, the melted lead runs off in large quantities. A great deal of the leaden pipe, through which the Schuylkill water runs in Philadelphia, is made from lead that was <sup>lost</sup> from here & other places on the Mississippi River. Is it not strange that, altho' there are so many people here, they have no church in the neighborhood, & you have to ride many miles, over bad roads, if you will go to church at all? It is therefore not surprising that most of them swear & curse dreadfully, & lie, & cheat, & steal. Oh, how I wish that some good preachers were sent out here, for I sometimes think that the people are worse than heathen. I wanted to begin a Sunday School here last fall, but the roads are so very muddy through the winter, & many of them come from a distance of one or 2 miles, so that I was obliged to put it off & until the spring. Some of the children have walked 10 or 12 miles through deep mud. How many children in O. C. S. S. would take so much pains to go to school? The poor children here, at least most of them, get no religious instruction, never hear of their loving Father in Heaven, of the blessed Savior, who came into the world, & died on the cross for their sins, of the Holy Spirit, which lives in the hearts of good christians; most of them cannot read at all, & still fewer know how

I told you I was more than 1000 miles from you. I am, living, and have been living since last October, about 30 miles West of the Mississippi River, about 90 miles S. of the city of St. Louis. There are a great many people living near here, about 700, most of whom are engaged in digging into the ground & blowing up rocks, to get out lead ore; that is, a kind of stone, <sup>from</sup> which, when put into a large fire-place & blown upon by a large bellows, the melted lead runs off in large quantities. A great deal of the leaden pipe, through which the Schuylkill water runs in Philadelphia, is made from lead that was <sup>lost</sup> from here & other places on the Mississippi River. Is it not strange that, altho' there are so many people here, they have no church in the neighborhood, & you have to ride many miles, over bad roads, if you will go to church at all? It is therefore not surprising that most of them swear & curse dreadfully, & lie, & cheat, & steal. Oh, how I wish that some good preachers were sent out here, for I sometimes think that the people are worse than heathen. I wanted to begin a Sunday School here last fall, but the roads are so very muddy through the winter, & many of them come from a distance of one or 2 miles, so that I was obliged to put it off & until the spring. Some of the children have walked 10 or 12 miles through deep mud. How many children in O. C. S. S. would take so much pains to go to school? The poor children here, at least most of them, get no religious instruction, never hear of their loving Father in Heaven, of the blessed Savior, who came into the world, & died on the cross for their sins, of the Holy Spirit, which lives in the hearts of good christians; most of them cannot read at all, & still fewer know how



(The following is a transcription of the Hebrew text on the left page, which appears to be a letter or a document. The text is written in a cursive script and is somewhat difficult to read due to the handwriting and the angle of the page. It seems to be a letter from a man to a woman, possibly a mother or a sister, discussing various matters, including health, family, and religious matters. The text is written in a style that is common in the 19th century.)

to write. Would you believe it, my dear Children, there are some that would not understand you, if you were to ask them "Who is God?" Oh, how you ought to be thankful to God, for giving you the opportunity of hearing his word preached to you every Sunday, & taught to you in the S. Sch., to be grateful to your teachers also that God has given them the inclination to instruct you. When you grow older, I am sure you will think often of the many privileges you enjoyed in the S. S.

I intend, if God will, to leave this place soon, & come back to Philad<sup>a</sup>, when you may be sure that C. E. S. S. will be one of the first places I shall come to visit. I hope you will only be as glad to see me, as I <sup>shall be</sup> to see you. Until then I bid you farewell most affectionately, praying earnestly, that God will bless both you, my dear children, and all the teachers, & asking you also in return to pray for me; for I recollect the 111<sup>th</sup> Hymn, which we have often sung together. "Children's prayers He deigns to hear" "Children's songs delight His ear."

Your affec<sup>t</sup> friend & former Superintendent  
 J. B. Booth

Onine ala Motti. 12<sup>th</sup> Mar. 1846

My dear Hester, Will you have the kindness to read the above letter to the children of the S. S. I am well, & hope to leave in less than 2 weeks. The long & severe cold has hindered my operations, but I am now refining rapidly.

Yr. friend  
 J. B. Booth







Mine a la Mette, 21<sup>st</sup> Mar. 1846

Dear Pelti,

Yr. favor giving me the price of Sulphur was rec<sup>d</sup> a day or two since & I thank you for it. Since my last the carboys have arrived at the Landing 113 in N<sup>e</sup>. Your friend at N.C. wrote me that one was broken at N.C., & the other I believe was broken on the way from N.C. to the Landing.

I expect to leave in 3 or 4 days for the East, & am therefore very much occupied.

Yrs. in friendship,

Robt B. Pelti

Robt B. Pelti.

marked above 3<sup>rd</sup>

Philad<sup>a</sup>



Dear Friend

festhalten in - 1895

Ameghino

Ms. B. 15. 10.

Protestant office

2. 6. 1879

My Dear Brother,

I intend in a few days to draw upon you for \$700 agreeably to your permission. I am now finishing about 4000 lb oxide & shall pack & send it off by the close of the next week. I shall leave a day or 2 afterward. As accidents may occur, I wish you could subsequently, if not at the present moment secure an open policy, so that goods may be insured as soon as the bill of lading is received by the clerk of the steamer, for ~~some~~ have been lost within sight of the port they left, & letters may mismanage. As accidents happen also to individuals, I may tell you, I inform you that Mr. Hagen will transact all business through you, even without me, and will allow me the same or nearly so, as at present. This will at least benefit you & mother in such a case calculated that, if I wish to return here this spring again. Col. M. has been very sick & I have partly acted the nurse, which, together with his nursing, occupies all my time. If I arrive safely in N. Y. I have much to detail to you privately. My love to all the family. & to Uncle's family.

yr affec<sup>te</sup> Brother

Lehrbuch







1844  
I have been thinking much of late  
of the various ways in which I might  
be able to do more good in the  
world, and I have been particularly  
interested in the question of  
the best way of doing it. I have  
been thinking of the various ways  
in which I might be able to do  
more good in the world, and I  
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of the various ways in which I  
might be able to do more good  
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particularly interested in the  
question of the best way of doing  
it.

a larger amount at present & not return again. Upon considera-  
tion that my present new works are smoothly & has done so for  
the last 4 weeks, during which I have done more than through  
the whole winter, & that I could do more in 3 weeks' continued  
work now, than by commencing again in the summer, I think  
it will appear more advisable to go on now, ~~than~~ & get ready  
about 6 or 8 oct. This I have resolved to do, & can fairly  
calculate that but 3 weeks will be required to complete it.  
Allowing then a week for shipping, I can leave here by the  
close of April, accidents aside, which I cannot foresee. I shall  
then not return again to the West during this summer, & it may  
not be necessary to return again hereafter, unless for a short time.  
I am by no means so delighted with Western life, as to prefer  
it to the East, but on the contrary, if I succeed in making a  
little capital, farewell to the West! From the above conclusion,  
which I think you will grant is the best that I can make, you  
will be able to write to me once, & possibly twice, after receiving  
this. — I shall expect a letter or two.

As I have previously given you the seasons of this region,  
as they roll around, you may be interested to know that this is the  
season of forest-firing, which is done for the purpose of burning







Mine a la Motte, April 2<sup>nd</sup> 1866

My dear Brother,

The want of a fully formed resolution has prevented my writing to you before. Finding by a fair calculation that it would require a 10 days more to complete the preparation & shipment of my <sup>1<sup>st</sup></sup> HODD, & that this delay would have shortened my Summer residence here, I have determined to go on preparing 2 or 3000 more, which will require about 3 weeks time from the present, as my operations are now progressing smoothly & rapidly. Adding a week for shipment, will bring me to the close of April before I shall leave here; & then it will not be worth while returning during the Summer. In that time I propose going to England, &, Haagen Morgan &c. will bear my expenses, as I believe that I might secure a sufficiently better price to pay the cost of my tour.

The advantages of this tour for acquiring a knowledge of the commercial & manufacturing value of Cobalt in all its phases, are more & more evident to me upon reflection, & I believe that a 3 months' absence will be sufficient for the objects in view.

I am about to request the favor to allow me to draw \$200—~~for~~ in addition to the \$50. & when I come E. I can pay you that and with funds I have in Phila. You will have abundant time to write me within a few days after the rec<sup>d</sup> of this.

I write today to Uncle & Mother & the latter of whom I have not mentioned my determination to go to England, but only my resolution & the reasons for remaining to the close of April. My love to Emily & the Children. I was pleased to hear that Will's jet steamer performed her appropriate function.

Yr. affectionate brother  
Jas B. Booth.

C. H. Faber Esq  
New York



John & Joseph, March 21 1846

My dear Uncle,

I have heard of you through Messrs. Hagen, Fleming & Morgan. I should probably have heard from you, if you had not supposed me to be on my homeward way. It is unnecessary to speak of the numerous delays I have unavoidably experienced in getting ready. Finding that shipping would take me a week or so, I have resolved to get 2 or 300 more ready which will take me to the close of April, as near as I can calculate. As it would be hardly worth returning here during the summer (until Aug) I have concluded to go to England on the heels of the first lot of oxide, to believe it will be a great advantage to all concerned. Hagen & Morgan are satisfied of it, & Fleming wishes to get some ready to go at the same time. They will all bear proportional parts of <sup>my</sup> expenses. Do you not think it would be better to let all yours go through the same course, <sup>for you to</sup> enter into the same arrangements? I think I could secure a little higher price, from my knowing, or rather learning in Engl. the best state for selling, & having it, if necessary, put into that

Mine a la Nolle, April 2<sup>d</sup> 1846

My dear Uncle,

I have heard of you through Messrs. Hagen, Fleming & Morgan. I should probably have heard from you, if you had not supposed me to be on my homeward way. It is unnecessary to speak of the numerous delays I have unavoidably experienced in getting ready. Finding that shipping would take me a week or so, I have resolved to get 2 or 300 more ready which will take me to the close of April, as near as I can calculate. As it would be hardly worth returning here during the summer (until Aug) I have concluded to go to England on the heels of the first lot of oxide, to believe it will be a great advantage to all concerned. Hagen & Morgan are satisfied of it, & Fleming wishes to get some ready to go at the same time. They will all bear proportional parts of <sup>my</sup> expenses. Do you not think it would be better to let all yours go through the same course, <sup>for you to</sup> enter into the same arrangements? I think I could secure a little higher price, from my knowing, or rather learning in Engl. the best state for selling, & having it, if necessary, put into that

Yours truly  
J. H. H.



state. If you write soon after receiving this, I shall have  
time to hear your reply. In mean time, if I ship a lot of  
oxide, I shall send yours, as directed to the care of Messrs. Angi  
& Rowe in N. C.

As my expenses will be a little heavier by remaining here  
longer than I designed, as brother would not take the \$100, I  
wish you to allow me to draw for the same. I am sorry you  
altogether revoked your permission to purchase ore, as there are  
several lots for sale (a 25 cts. a ton), of the finest kind. But  
it will be time enough when I come on to talk over the matter.  
My love to the F<sup>r</sup> & the rest of the family with your usual  
wishes since then, the last of Apr. after my departure since  
C. Bollen, by the transparent (a) & J. B. Bothe the waters  
new York.  
In consequence of his absence, my operations have been so  
retarded that I had not manufactured a single charge of  
cobalt in the time I proposed. I determine therefore to  
go on making until the close of April, when I shall leave  
for the last if not return until the fall. In June, I may  
go to England to feel the pulse of the cobalt consumers, &  
then I can propose a better remedy for the consumption  
in future, with that peculiarity of human nature, which  
defers things until they mountaineer towards the close,



I have now a heap to leave off my shoulders & I take my  
departure & can therefore ask you indulgence in not  
indulging in chat chat.

Mine a la motto, 9. April. 1846

Dear Blaney,

Your favor of 22<sup>nd</sup> Ult has been long-a-coming, & acci-  
dentally still finds me here, altho' my resolution had been formed,  
& arrangements made to leave here for the East before March  
should take his congé. Unfortunately Jack Frost gave us much  
of his company during the whole winter, contrary to the memory  
of the "oldest inhabitant", & even tho' he 'ide a positive farewell on  
2<sup>nd</sup> March, yet he has paid occasional or semioccasional  
visits since then, the last of which was but 2 nights since,  
when he left his transparent card floating on the waters.  
In consequence of his presence, my operations have been so  
retarded that I had not manufactured a "smart chance" of  
cobalt in the time I proposed, & determines therefore to  
go on making until the close of April, when I shall leave  
for the East & not return until the Fall. Interea, I may  
go to England to feel the pulse of the cobalt consumers, &  
then I can prepare a better remedy for the consumption  
in futuro. With that peculiarity of human nature, which  
defers things until they mountaineer towards the close,



1874. Aug. 9, 11 am on a hill

I have now a heap to heave off my shoulders, ere I take my  
departure, & can therefore ask your indulgence in not  
indulging in chit-chat.

It is difficult to convey in few words the information you desire. 1. Be cautious in saying too much before hand to those around you. 2. Examine some other openings first & observe with Eagle eyes, the external indications, which must nearly correspond throughout a considerable range of country. 3. Do not draw general conclusions too hastily. 4. Look mainly for contacts of trap & sandstone (or limestone, if there). 5. The green carbonates are usually the first & best surface indications, & where these abound, dig small shafts to find where they most abound. 6. Generally, the sides of hills, & freshly washed ravines offer the first indications. 7. Get as much knowledge as you can from others beforehand, especially from hunters, for it is my universal experience that they have been usually the first discoverers of mineral lodes. 8. Look in Weiss Zitt. under Mines & Metallurgy, for names to a few general points. 9. Leave as much as possible to be done after your return to Chicago. I have thus presented all the principal points which can be embraced in a small space.



Mine a la Motte, April 16<sup>th</sup> 1846.

I have been watching an opportunity of writing to you, my dear Mother, for some days past, & have now but a short time to spare to wish you a good day, & then bid a temporary farewell. The circuit court of Mo. has been sitting since last Monday (13<sup>th</sup>), & among the many cases to be brought before them from Mine la Motte, I am summoned as a witness in a ball case, which has obliged me to attend all day in Fredericktown since Monday, not knowing when the case will be called up. I risk its not being brought forward to day before mid day at least, & therefore write.

A court, a country court, a Western country court, has been noted by many as remarkable for dissimilarity to all other courts. But this is the Circuit Court; could I but attend the County Court, then I might give you an insight into Western justice. The judge a middle aged man, sitting on a chair, not a bench, usually with an old hat on, & so homely that 't almost alarms one to look at him. The jurors, the lawyers, the witnesses, lookers on & loafers; what a set of strange faces! The painter would be bothered to discover any national features in them, excepting now & then a full, fat, high boned German phiz, with light hair & blue eyes; & a thin, wrinkled, ~~sparkling~~ face with black hair & sparkling black eyes, that seem to say "Bonjour, Monsieur." The rest seem to belong to all nations or no nation, & might be expressed by a heterogeneous mixture of dissimilar all sorts, uniformly unlike



The lawyers, as usual, are among the most gentle in appearance  
& behavior, & have altogether a more comfortable position here than  
in Eastern Courts, for they sit on a bench with a comfortable high  
back, smoking a little pipe, with great complacency & comfort to  
themselves, & to those near them who have no pipe. An old woman is  
questioned as to the age of her son, her fifth son. "He's 23 last month  
"When was he born?" "Why, you see, I haven't got no learning, but I know  
his 23" (cross questioned) "How old do you say your son is?" "I told  
him how old; you heard it; I won't tell you any more." Judge  
lawyer; "I object to cross-questioning on an answer elicited by the  
counsel." Judge. "Whatever tends to determine the age of the young  
man is admissible." Lawyer. "Then I knock under" Thus  
it goes in this land, a little beyond sun-down.

If I never had reason before to say that the winter or whole  
season was unusually severe, I might say so now; for we have  
had alternations of cold rains, & ice or severe frost for several weeks  
with the exception of a few mild days. Last week we had good  
ice formed every night for 5 days together. The rains have  
also followed each other in such quick succession, that the roads  
have rarely been dry for more than a day or two at a time.  
The present week must be excepted, for we have had dry roads  
& clear weather, altho' cold, ever since Sunday, a longer season  
of fine weather, than all the winter has given us since  
last November. The season is about 4 weeks later than usual,

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size, the whole flower being nearly as large as a dollar. But the cam-  
panulac or blue-bell is the most beautiful I have ever seen. The  
blue & pink phloxes are in perfection. But the verbena, which I had  
supposed to be a foreign plant, here grows every hill, with many  
shades of red. I intend bringing a box full of plants, considering  
their beauty worth the risk of loss. If I put any of them in my yard,  
what a fine chance for Rover to dig them up again! Alas, for the great  
drawback to botanical or any other excursions, the ticks are as thick as black  
berries, & there is no feasible mode of avoiding them or getting rid of their  
troublesome attentions except "a daily search & removal in it armies". How  
delightful it is, otherwise, to make excursions at this season when the fruit  
trees are in bloom; the Judas tree & wild plum abound in the woods; the  
bushes are just beginning to array themselves in green livery, scarcely per-  
ceptible; while the hill sides & creek lowlands are carpeted with rich & varied  
colors on a grass-green ground.

The trial at court in which I was engaged as a witness termi-  
nated last Saturday after detaining me the whole 6 days, at a cost of  
50 cts or more per day, exclusive of detention from business. However,  
my refining operations did not suffer materially, so that I shall finish  
nearly all this week & make a shipment of  $\frac{1}{2}$  at the beginning of the  
following week. I am daily more anxious to leave & to see you & S. again,  
so that exertion shall not be wanting on my part to close my operations  
as soon as practicable. I may go to England this summer to attend  
in part to the sale of this lot of cobalt, & to learn something about the  
manufactured article in the English market, as it is necessary to know

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what is the best state in which to bring it, for the most advantageous sale.  
We are in a state of great uncertainty in reference to prices which vary  
from one to 10 dollars, & I can perceive no other way of ascertaining at the  
truth than by visiting the market place in person. But I have also  
an ulterior motive in visiting the petitioners, where it is principally  
sold, viz. to ascertain what the different combinations of cobalt are,  
with the view of starting the manufacture in N. Y. or Phila. Now  
pray let no one know this; nor need you mention my trip to  
England until it is determined upon.  
Give my love to all relations & near friends; & kind regards to  
those I cherish, & my respects to acquaintances. I do not, your letters so often  
convey evidence of the number of kind remembrances that  
I have left in Phila. I should often multiply them.  
As it is, give my love to Cousin A. B. & to Cousins in N. H.  
I hope Sarah does not let Rover destroy the  
flowers, for he may dig in the grass plot, but, old fellow, keep your  
paws from the narrow little garden strips. If he has his old habits,  
I shall put my flowers elsewhere. Farewell to you & I.  
Your affate son  
Jas. Booth  
Jas. Booth  
Philadelphia

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Philadelphia



Gene a la mode, April 27<sup>th</sup> 1846

My dear mother

The past 4 weeks have crept along most tardily, more so, I think than any month during the past few years, partly from my own anxiety to close my operations here, & partly from the length of time elapsing since I have rec<sup>d</sup> news from home, either directly or indirectly. The days may be aptly compared to a rounded snake that drags its slow length along. Were it not that my time is fully filled up with occupation, it would be unbearably tedious; but still there is much relief in the hope of discharging obligations incurred, which reanimates & spur me forward to the completion of my undertaking. Whether the immediate result will justify my former anticipations is not yet clear, nor can it be considered certain until a full & fair test is made in the foreign market. This market has fluctuated in our own ideas since I first entered upon the stage to play the part of cobalt refiner, & according to this fluctuation my ultimate designs have varied. The very contradictory accounts we have from England & elsewhere relative to cobalt demands a closer examination into the uses & value of this metal in the very places where it is employed, & to ascertain these points properly some portion of scientific knowledge, practical skill, & close observation with reflection are required. Now as I (pardon my vanity) think that I have some portion of these, & as most persons are deficient in one or more of them, I think myself a proper person to go; to which it seems several others agree, thereby removing from me the imputation of a great degree of vanity, notwithstanding Sally's opinion.















of man, yet as it wears out the body & disheartens the spirit, knowing nothing of the party, I can say nothing of them no, for them. I have been engaged during the last week in actual hard, bodily labor in packing our cobbles for shipment. It is both dirty & hard work, & offers consolation only in the prospect of speedy completion, & a good payday. I have just completed the bagging lot, which amounts to 4500 or about 1000 more than I was stated. For Monday morning, I commenced with the blue cobbles, which will probably amount to 3000, & may be completed in about 7 days. I am desirous then of going down the country for 3 or 4 days to see some cobbles trade, with a view to future business, not here, but in the East. One of the proprietors of the Iron Mountain has urged me to go to that place before I leave, which may take 10 days, but I have not decided on it. The weather has been extremely rainy during the last week, & the mud consequently of the most uncleanly character. Yesterday morning at 10 minutes before 11, we experienced a slight trembling of an earthquake for about 2 or 3 minutes the first I have ever felt. I was always under the impression that such phenomena took place only during clear weather, but it rained & stormed the whole day. To-day we are to be delighted with a show, consisting of jugglery, songs, a dog standing on his fore feet, & numerous other wonders, added to which there <sup>has arrived</sup> one of the proprietors & his 2 daughters from Philadelphia. As you see we are not altogether stupid here. As I cannot hope to hear again from you prior to my departure, I shall urge my operations towards completion with all haste, consistent with duty. I hope to receive your first letter by to-morrow mail. My love to relatives & friends, & much to you & Sally. Your affec<sup>t</sup> son J. H. North















Mine a la Morte, 11<sup>th</sup> May, 1846.

Your letter, my dear Uncle, of April 16<sup>th</sup>, was this day received although mutilated & torn, in consequence of a mail robbery which took place in Illinois last month, when letters from you, Mr. Fisher & Luther were all in the missing bags. —

In regard to the purity of our opide, as we know little certain about the demands of the foreign market I have made it on the greater part average 50 per cent., & I think none falls below 40. I have but a small amount of pure.

I shall bring a certain quantity with me to the East. I am now awaiting a team to take the first load to the landing, which will be immediately shipped to N. Orleans; & will soon, in 5-6 days, be followed by another shipment, it being my design to divide the whole into 3 lots, 2 of which shall be shipped separately to N. Or<sup>l.</sup> & separately to England, & the 3<sup>rd</sup> lot, a smaller one, I shall bring with me. When I spoke of preparing 400000, I hope you have not understood me to mean that you have an interest in so much, for ~~otherwise~~ you might be disappointed. I have prepared as much of that in which you are interested as it was possible to do in the time. I think you have a part in about 20000, I am now engaged in weighing it & putting in barrels.

Being much occupied in these operations at this moment, I hope you will excuse my writing more fully, especially as I expect to see you in at least 2 weeks after rec<sup>d</sup> of this.

My love to all the family.

Your affectionate nephew

Jas. B. Smith

C. Bolton, Esq.  
New York



Handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page. The script is cursive and dense, covering most of the page area.

Handwritten text at the bottom of the page, possibly a signature or a date.

Mine a la Motte, 14 May, 1846.

When I look over my list of letters, dear Fritz, I am surprised & ashamed to find that I have written to you but rarely. In truth I have written few friends' letters, excepting to my mother, to whom it was due to write frequently & fully, as some inadequate compensation for my total absence from home. I am rarely inclined to write unless free from care & trouble, a host of which has beset me ever since my first debut upon the cobalt boards, & especially has their array been imposing during the past few months, so that I have been less inclined to write excepting on business than formerly. Now I fully believe you would like to hear from me, on the ground that we have had several word-battles together. For unless doubt now & then obscured the light of the sun we could hardly form a just estimate of her brilliancy, nor feel as much pleasure from her all-shining light. So quarrels on honest grounds are apt to produce respect between persons, which may ripen into esteem, when the clouds are dissipated. I know at all events that I have found much pleasure in receiving & reading your letters.

I think I mentioned to you that I was in hopes we should get some business in the way of analysis from Mine a la Motte. In the present letter I enclose 2 samples of oxide for ascertaining the quantities of the main ingredients, cobalt, water, copper, iron & manganese. If an ingredient be in small quantity omit it. I want the analysis pretty exact, as this will be examined in England. Observe the marks carefully. B.M.B. and H., as soon as the











1841. Jan. 11. (Mond. at 10.30 AM)  
My dear Mr. [illegible]  
I have just received your letter of the 10th inst. and am  
glad to hear that you are well. I am at present  
in the country and have not much time to write  
at present. I am, however, very anxious to hear  
from you and to hear of your progress.  
I am, dear Mr. [illegible], very truly  
yours,  
[illegible signature]

leads me to believe that it will eventually succumb more fully or per-  
haps entirely on a falling war, that scourge of mankind introduced  
by the devil. Although some hold that human reason is all mighty, yet  
the very slow development of civilization during several thousand years proves  
the contrary; <sup>although</sup> Christianity presented at its origin a perfect ideal of  
faith & practice, it made no violent inroads upon the general habits  
of mankind, excepting upon such ancient and knowledge to be highly im-  
pious. There is no direct period of war; the discovery of civil nature being  
left to the gradual unfolding of <sup>Christian</sup> principles in subsequent ages. For  
this reason we find large bodies of Christians in the Roman armies, some  
of whom were termed Christian legions, in like manner up to the  
present time many truly pious men may be found good with a sword  
or wielding the musket; even England, in whose annals Christian prin-  
ciples predominate, holds her millions in subjection by force of arms.  
And among the many surprising features which characterize the 15<sup>th</sup>  
& especially the 19<sup>th</sup> centuries the formation of these societies is not  
the least striking, & at the same time humble in their present small array. I trust  
the time is not far distant when their numbers shall exert a controlling  
influence over the movements of nations. You see how long a shot  
the bullets of Hell & have shivered from my pen.

Generally to my expectations I rec<sup>d</sup> letters from Aunt C. on  
4. & yourself of 15<sup>th</sup> April, all of which is rumbled in Mr. G's little box,  
with a printer's note from the St. James's Office stating the robbery &c.  
The notice by Aunt Mary of pleasure & engagement is pretty contented  
expressed, & the fact gives me no ordinary degree of pleasure. I  
will not wish C. long life & riches & pleasure, for it might be wishing  
for her a host of cares, troubles & dissatisfactions, but I sincerely wish







Philad<sup>a</sup> 9. March 1847

Philad<sup>a</sup> 9. March 1847.

Dear Sir,

Your favor of 8<sup>th</sup> Ult. was rec<sup>d</sup> only a few days since. I am erecting a building for refining, & hope to see it completed in 2 or 3 weeks. The vats, &c. are all ready. Until I commence operating (in 3 weeks, I hope) I cannot make any other offer than that which has been made, viz, one third of the pure products from the black ores,  $\frac{1}{2}$  from the pyrites ores. The result of my experiments on a fable ore has been entirely favorable, but from operating on such small quantities, I could not put the oxide into the peculiar state required, altho' it is perfectly pure. For this purpose it requires a quantity which would be lost, if the highest analysis be correct.

Very often my respects to your brother Mr. Agnew & to Col. M. I am, Sir, your truly

Wm. Fleming, Esq.

mine a la Motte

in Chatham Co. Mo.

mine a la Motte

Chatham Co. Mo.

Yours truly

Yours truly

Yours truly







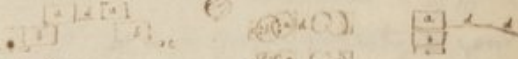
1847. March. p. 144

Bea ver

I have been thinking of you very much lately, and wondering how you are getting on. I hope you are well and happy. I have been very busy lately, but I have managed to find some time to write to you. I have been thinking of you very much lately, and wondering how you are getting on. I hope you are well and happy. I have been very busy lately, but I have managed to find some time to write to you.

Mr Coffin is greatly varied most anxiously for letters from you & began to doubt whether you had received my letter of 11<sup>th</sup> January when at length on 1<sup>st</sup> March your letter of 1<sup>st</sup> Feb<sup>r</sup> arrived, on the 2<sup>d</sup> March yours of 6<sup>th</sup> Feb. & on the 4<sup>th</sup> mine yours of 13<sup>th</sup> Feb. In reference to the bond Mr Coffin says you had better not call now for his note for the second half of the payment, as it is probable he would rather pay you some time in September instead of waiting until Feb. 1843. In the mean time, you are secured by the very words of the bond. Please inform me when you next write which way you prefer it. I would rather you would write in English that Mr Coffin may read it himself.

I have now 6 rats finished of 2000 galls. each, 4 3 rats of 1000 galls. each for yellow, 4 rats of 500 galls. each for sundries, all which have cost altogether \$550. & are cheap at that. The carpenters are constructing a frame building 46 ft. by 60 ft. & the arrangement will be



a, upper large vat; b, ditto lower;  
c, a shallow kitter; d, a platform on which to wheel up the tubs containing the first solution. The building & fixtures will cost about \$800. We are going on a cheap scale in order to get experience as to the best arrangement, & if successful we shall make purchase of a good large tract, & erect good buildings some time next fall or spring. I expect to receive your lot of ore in 2 or 3 weeks & shall at once commence refining, but ~~as~~ it will not occupy a long



I have been thinking of writing to you for some time but have been so busy that I could not find time. I am now at home and have some time to spare. I am well and hope this letter will find you the same. I have been thinking of writing to you for some time but have been so busy that I could not find time. I am now at home and have some time to spare. I am well and hope this letter will find you the same.

time in refining. I hope to receive some of the manganese ore from the West in time to go steadily on without interruption. There is one thing very probable, that the present fashion for deep blue will not continue very long, say a couple of years, hardly more; if we must make the most of it by throwing as large a quantity of it into market as possible. But as I cannot at the first moment get to work very rapidly, I do not wish an excess on hand. We had better try to get out at the rate of 100 tons per annum at present, if more if necessary, afterward. To try to ship off some 20 tons as soon as it is possible. If you have not enough money to go on, please write at once, and then you shall have Mr. C's order to draw. As you are going to work at your place first, make it known that the lower place is not good for much so that Clark may hear of it.

It gave me sincere pain to hear of your troubles, & of Mr. R's dreadful misfortune. Please offer my warm sympathy to your wife & to Mr. & family. I wish I could have been there to have relieved you of some of your trouble. Give my love to Annalia. I write to-day to George & to W. Fleming. In haste  
 your friend  
 J. B. Booth  
 Fredericktown  
 Madison Co. Mo.



I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the purchase of the land for the purpose of erecting a building for the use of the Society. I have the honor to inform you that the land is now in the hands of the Board of Directors and is being sold in lots of 1000 feet each. I have the honor to inform you that the land is now in the hands of the Board of Directors and is being sold in lots of 1000 feet each.

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Philadelphia, 9<sup>th</sup> March. 1847

My dear Brother,  
 I wrote to you last week enclosing Mr. C's note at 6 mo. for \$912.<sup>66</sup> according to the following acct accepted by him

B.M.N.	585 H	
Exp	22	= 566 H
M.N.	817	
Exp	22	= 795 H
		1361
Exp	272	= 1089 H
B.M.N.	1516	
Exp	22	= 1494
		2583 H, @ 1/6 Sterling =
		\$193-14-6 or
		\$861. <sup>70</sup>
	@ 6% each.	51.86
		\$912.66

I am anxious for the arrival of the whole lot. My veto are ready of the building will be in 2 or 3 weeks. I have heard from Mr. Hagen & he is going on to get out ore.  
 Yours affec<sup>ly</sup>  
 J. B. Booth



1847. Nov. 25

My dear Mr. Fleming

I have just received your letter of the 18th inst. in relation to the purchase of sulphur & chalk. I have been thinking of this matter for some time, and have been looking for a good opportunity to purchase these articles. I have now secured a supply of sulphur, and I have also secured a supply of chalk. I have been thinking of this matter for some time, and have been looking for a good opportunity to purchase these articles. I have now secured a supply of sulphur, and I have also secured a supply of chalk. I have been thinking of this matter for some time, and have been looking for a good opportunity to purchase these articles. I have now secured a supply of sulphur, and I have also secured a supply of chalk.

Enclosed is Mr. Spalding's letter which please return, after copying what is necessary.

Will you at your convenience ascertain the price of crude sulphur by the ton; of chalk, & of inferior kinds of writing. The latter is prepared by a company or firm in N.Y. or Brooklyn. I think we may request you to get these things for us at present in order to suit our operations.

Your affectionate brother

La B Broth

Dear Sir,

Since I last wrote, both your father & myself have had returns from England relative to the oxide we sent out. My sample was analyzed by a chemist, who gave 72 and 1/2 pure oxide, 4 per cent. manganese, 2 per cent. iron, 1 per cent. copper, & said it would bring 20¢ there. By your father's return from a potter, the bronze tint in the blue was objectionable, and agrees with the 4 per cent. manganese. I thought it pure when I sent it, & told your father I had not tested it, but wished 3 days more to test & prepared it in a finished state for the market. It was made from ore containing 100 lbs. of ore, 1 lb. of charcoal, & 1 lb. of 40 per cent. manganese. Now I decidedly think your best plan to become thoroughly satisfied would be to send me on a barrel or so of ore, abt 10 per cent. rich, & then you can judge what I can do on a large scale, which is more easy of execution & more perfect than small experiments in tubs. Regards to your brothers & Mr. Ogden.

Yours truly

La B Broth

Col. W. H. Fleming  
mine a la Motte,  
Madison Co.  
Missouri

Shall I address Col. or Mr. etc?



letter, please write to me that I should suggest to him, that as you are out there working at that lot, he ought to assist you in getting the chemicals for working the ore. What do you think of working that ore first with acids, & then running the balance down into copper stone if worth it? Muriatic acid would do it.

We, Mr. C. & myself, are very anxious to hear of your getting some of the ore from your place shipped. It will be most profitable of all your workings, & meet with the soonest return of capital.

I was much pained to hear of the death of your father-in-law, & doubt not but that your dear wife feels it most keenly (as soul intercourse softens the sorrows of life). I am sorry that I could not have been with you during your sore trials. A firm but child like trust in our Heavenly Father, that He designs all things for the best, is the most certain source of consolation, far beyond the old indifference of speculative philosophy. My warmest regards to Mr. H. & Maria. May our united wishes prove so successful that you may all soon be among us to enjoy more of the comforts of life.

Remember me to the Messrs. Flemings, Mr. Aaron Dr. Fleming, Comroy, Greyore, Pratte & Lewis if the latter acted as you think right, & to Merry.

Your friend

Mr. Louis Hagen  
Godericktown  
Madison Co. Mo.

John Booth











Philad<sup>a</sup> 6. mar 1847

Dear Uncle,

Your favor of 3<sup>d</sup> inst. was duly rec<sup>d</sup>. & has my warmest thanks for your kind notice of another.

In reference to the Reynolds' Tract, I gave up my claim to you long ago, which you now would balance any acc<sup>t</sup> you had against me. I hold no interest in the Foster farm, for I refused to accept of your kind offer, after I found it less valuable than Mr. you had represented. As it is mine in your name, I advise you to hold that interest. You have the papers, which I gave you a year ago. If you have any thing against Morgan, I advise you to take also for that of the Reynolds' tract, & otherwise you will get nothing for it. You can be done by having the debt in payment by a commission for that state, & let you have better work to turn first. I rec<sup>d</sup> yesterday a letter from Mr. Green stating that Morgan had not yet paid the balance on the lot all due. If you advanced money enough for it, he has chance —

Tell John that the prospect in the Reynolds' tract is an excellent one for copper. In the Foster farm, in addition to the lead, copper, iron, &c. &c. and for silver. For the last I cannot say either you or any, having no evidence either for or against it.

Yours affec<sup>tly</sup>

C. Brown, Esq.

J. H. Booth

His son








I am about to take post to-day, & I have written you with the  
2d copy of the letter, but they are not finally binding. I will all  
join to take you the letter, & send post. I have written you  
the 1st copy of the letter, & I have written you the 2d copy of the letter.

My dear friend  
Philadelphia 12<sup>th</sup> April 1847  
your long English letter of 21<sup>st</sup> March was rec<sup>d</sup> 23<sup>rd</sup> April  
ago. & read to Mr Coffin, who is pleased with its contents as well as myself.  
Enclosed is Mr Coffin's note agreeable to your wish for the other half  
of the payment due you. Please to acknowledge the rec<sup>t</sup> of the same as  
soon as received. If our business is at all successful, as we have not the  
 slightest ground to doubt, I think it likely you will be paid before it  
 is due, as I mentioned in a previous letter.

We are delighted that you have set to work in earnest all the  
 Philad<sup>a</sup> mines, & hope to hear of a shipment nearly as soon as this  
 letter reaches you. When you send the barrels, please direct them  
 each ~~to~~ on one end to  Philad<sup>a</sup>, & on the other end (or on  
 the same end) to the care of Andrews & Dewey (Andrews & Dewey)  
 New Orleans, writing to them by mail enclosing the Memo<sup>r</sup> bill  
 ~~suggesting them to forward them by an early opportunity to Mr Coffin, Philad<sup>a</sup>~~  
 of Loring. Stewart will attend to this matter. For reasons stated  
 in a previous letter we are desirous that you should get out or  
 get ready as much ore as possible say, the ore already hauled out, of  
 some 40-50 tons), but to send some 10 tons as soon as practicable.  
 The works are about ready, my laboratory will be there this week,  
 I hope to go to work next Monday. When you write about Schidun  
 in 960. put 1 German, 1 English, with initial letters, &c. &c. —  
 Your Gmelin has been sent to "W. D. Skillman, St Louis" with your  
 name on the back of each <sup>file</sup> volume. You may draw for money on  
 Mr C. so as to get out the ore rapidly, at least up to 40-50 tons, but  
 please give notice several weeks beforehand & write duplicates.

W. D. Skillman  
Madison Co. Missouri







[illegible]

My kind regards to Mr. & Mrs. W. I think that when you  
writing pamphlets, the spirit will be better for exercise in  
living English. Remember me to those who enquire after me.  
My sincere friend

Mr. E. H. H.

Mr. L. J. Haden

of weak with town

Washington Co. Maryland

Dear Sir,  
Your paper of March 27 has not come to hand & contents  
noted. Your calculations as to the real value of a ton of Copper stone  
are incorrect, for the metal made in the whole town should not be esti-  
mated over \$5. The pure metallic nickel say 12.50 lb. and  
moreover the estimated working per cent. of Co. in the stone is taken  
a little too high. Now do you take the following propositions that  
we should purchase the Copper stone in Philad<sup>a</sup> at the rate of  
\$2.00 for every pound of nickel in the stone together with  $\frac{1}{2}$  ct. for  
every per cent. of nickel in the same, which would be at the rate of  
\$2.07 ct. for lb. of the stone you sent to England last summer.  
So that you deliver the stone in Philad<sup>a</sup> we will deliver you 1 lb.  
of the pure oxide of Cobalt & nickel, nickel refined from it. This you can  
send to London, or it may go with ours, as you please. I am  
hoping for the opportunity it be present in large quantity.

If you like, we will take 10 tons of stone at once at the above rates, & then you can judge whether you like the proposition. In any case it should be delivered in situ<sup>at</sup> - & you should state that it is free of encumbrance. My refinery is ready. I commenced refining next week. When the first lot has passed through I shall write you word, & mean time I hope to hear from you. I told you in the mines, I believe, that I wanted the stone roasted after the second fusion, but it might be well roasted after the first. Ask Mr. Hagen to whom you will please show this letter, as he has something to say on the matter also. My respectful letter to those who inquire after me  
Yours faithfully, Wm. L. B. Jr.



10/1 200/1 200 200 200

The first part of the book is a history of the  
 country from the first settlement to the present  
 time. It is a very interesting and valuable  
 work, and is well worth a perusal. The  
 second part is a description of the country  
 and its resources. It is a very interesting  
 and valuable work, and is well worth a  
 perusal. The third part is a description of  
 the people and their customs. It is a very  
 interesting and valuable work, and is well  
 worth a perusal. The fourth part is a  
 description of the government and its  
 institutions. It is a very interesting and  
 valuable work, and is well worth a  
 perusal. The fifth part is a description of  
 the commerce and its progress. It is a very  
 interesting and valuable work, and is well  
 worth a perusal. The sixth part is a  
 description of the education and its  
 progress. It is a very interesting and  
 valuable work, and is well worth a  
 perusal. The seventh part is a description  
 of the religion and its progress. It is a very  
 interesting and valuable work, and is well  
 worth a perusal. The eighth part is a  
 description of the arts and its progress. It  
 is a very interesting and valuable work, and  
 is well worth a perusal. The ninth part is  
 a description of the sciences and its progress.  
 It is a very interesting and valuable work,  
 and is well worth a perusal. The tenth part  
 is a description of the military and its  
 progress. It is a very interesting and  
 valuable work, and is well worth a  
 perusal. The eleventh part is a description  
 of the navy and its progress. It is a very  
 interesting and valuable work, and is well  
 worth a perusal. The twelfth part is a  
 description of the colonies and its progress.  
 It is a very interesting and valuable work,  
 and is well worth a perusal. The thirteenth  
 part is a description of the foreign relations  
 and its progress. It is a very interesting and  
 valuable work, and is well worth a  
 perusal. The fourteenth part is a  
 description of the internal relations and its  
 progress. It is a very interesting and  
 valuable work, and is well worth a  
 perusal. The fifteenth part is a description  
 of the future and its progress. It is a very  
 interesting and valuable work, and is well  
 worth a perusal.

Dear Sir,

Your favor of Mar. 28, has not come to hand & contents not noted. I am ready to purchase the black over at the rate of 2 1/2 cts per lb. of order of 100 lbs. in the 11 of order, provided it contain about 10 per cent, or 2 1/4 cts. that be below 10 per cent less than 5 per cent. I do not wish to take one of less than 5 per cent. The price I state applies to one delivered in Philad<sup>a</sup>. My wife has arrived & I shall commence refining next week.

Respectfully yours

Col. W. W. Heming

La brioche

Mine a la motte

Madison Co



My dear Brother,

Enclosed is Mr Coffin's note for \$2112<sup>00</sup> at 5 months which suits him better than 4 mo: as my uncle's note falls due in abt 4 months. You will be able to learn of Mr Coffin's standing (of the firm of Coffin, May & Bowdell) by calling at Deane & Downing, Dryall & Campbell, White & Barnes, Lawrence & Hicks, Pollen & Colegate, G. B. Moonwood & Co. & the first of whom he is best known; & you will probably find that some of these men may want his note & be glad to get it. Mr C. can command a large capital, but very properly & prudently does not wish to withdraw it from interest-paying until he sees a return in a satisfactory one for our cable. I have <sup>very lately</sup> since written to Mr Hazen to allow me the use of that portion of the return from the sale of ore which falls to his share but have not yet heard from him. My ore is now at the Refinery where I hope to commence next week as the arrangements are nearly complete. The deficiency in comparison with the original invoice will I think show that 150 or 158 lb has been sold. I am almost negative sure, & therefore I would like very well to say good-bye truly with you. Your father being rather disappointed with the quality of the ore sent to England, which was refined in the 2<sup>d</sup> story of a stove with an iron pot & two halves of a pipe & some other apparatus out of a stove pot &c.

Yours truly

J. B. North

My dear Brother,

Enclosed is Mr Coffin's note for \$2112<sup>00</sup> at 5 months which suits him better than 4 mo: as my uncle's note falls due in abt 4 months. You will be able to learn of Mr Coffin's standing (of the firm of Coffin, May & Bowdell) by calling at Deane & Downing, Dryall & Campbell, White & Barnes, Lawrence & Hicks, Pollen & Colegate, G. B. Moonwood & Co. & the first of whom he is best known; & you will probably find that some of these men may want his note & be glad to get it. Mr C. can command a large capital, but very properly & prudently does not wish to withdraw it from interest-paying until he sees a return in a satisfactory one for our cable. I have <sup>very lately</sup> since written to Mr Hazen to allow me the use of that portion of the return from the sale of ore which falls to his share but have not yet heard from him. My ore is now at the Refinery where I hope to commence next week as the arrangements are nearly complete. The deficiency in comparison with the original invoice will I think show that 150 or 158 lb has been sold. I am almost negative sure, & therefore I would like very well to say good-bye truly with you. Your father being rather disappointed with the quality of the ore sent to England, which was refined in the 2<sup>d</sup> story of a stove with an iron pot & two halves of a pipe & some other apparatus out of a stove pot &c.

Yours truly

J. B. North

Philad<sup>a</sup> 17. April, 1847.

My dear Brother,

Enclosed is Mr Coffin's note for \$2112<sup>00</sup> at 5 months which suits him better than 4 mo: as my uncle's note falls due in abt 4 months. You will be able to learn of Mr Coffin's standing (of the firm of Coffin, May & Bowdell) by calling at Deane & Downing, Dryall & Campbell, White & Barnes, Lawrence & Hicks, Pollen & Colegate, G. B. Moonwood & Co. & the first of whom he is best known; & you will probably find that some of these men may want his note & be glad to get it. Mr C. can command a large capital, but very properly & prudently does not wish to withdraw it from interest-paying until he sees a return in a satisfactory one for our cable. I have <sup>very lately</sup> since written to Mr Hazen to allow me the use of that portion of the return from the sale of ore which falls to his share but have not yet heard from him. My ore is now at the Refinery where I hope to commence next week as the arrangements are nearly complete. The deficiency in comparison with the original invoice will I think show that 150 or 158 lb has been sold. I am almost negative sure, & therefore I would like very well to say good-bye truly with you. Your father being rather disappointed with the quality of the ore sent to England, which was refined in the 2<sup>d</sup> story of a stove with an iron pot & two halves of a pipe & some other apparatus out of a stove pot &c.

Yours truly

J. B. North

J. B. North



Philad. 19. April. 1847

Dear Sir

your favor of 6. inst. has just come to hand with enclosed sample of Pyritous ore. Not knowing its character I cannot make an offer for it at present but as soon as lesson permits in a week or two, I shall assay it for cobalt & nickel. The black ore you refer to of value 6. even if I mistake not, injured at the fire, so that it would be impossible to work them with much profit without mechanical cleaning, & this last operation would be likely to cause too much loss of cobalt with the ores in such a state. I therefore cannot make the offer mentioned in my card of last week, as the percentage in the rough is most likely much below 5. but I am willing to work them on shares giving you one half of the pure products, if the ore is much below 5. per cent cobalt, or more if about 5. or more. If I cannot make arrangements with you for ores I shall not hesitate to entertain propositions from others made in a fair & legal way. As my refining operations can be conducted independently of mine la Motte I am not overanxious to go too far into refining all ores I might obtain, for I do not wish to advance too largely into work which may absorb my whole time, & therefore I would like very well to make arrangements with you. Your father seems rather disappointed with the quality of the specimen he sent to England, which was refined in the 12th story of a stove with an iron pot, & two halves of a molasses barrel for apparatus out of a three per cent ore.

Col. W. K. Fleming,  
mine la Motte, Madison Co. Missouri

Respectfully yours  
J. F. Booth



Philad<sup>a</sup> 20<sup>th</sup> April 1847

Dear Sir

I write a few lines to you in favor of Mr. Cox. I hope you will not misunderstand what I wrote you a few days since in mail relative to arrangements with others than yourself. My refinery is so arranged that I can refine a large amt of ore & wish to undertake more than our own sources can supply, but not so much as to demand a slavish attention to the business on my part, nor the absorption of too large a capital. As your father lately told me that you wished to try & refine yourself, of course I cannot object to it, altho' I am satisfied that when you count the costs & receipts, you will find my offers more advantageous. In the mean time I am willing to entertain propositions from others in the same way that I have done at the mines, openly & fairly as I am persuaded that an arrangement may be made to the benefit of the proprietors. You could not object for instance to bonds that the 10<sup>th</sup> of the refined material should be rendered faithfully to you in Philad<sup>a</sup>. For if refined in Missouri (at the mines) ~~the~~ the losses of such operations would diminish your tenth considerably.

Respectfully yours  
Jas B. Booth

Col. W. W. Fleming  
mine a la Motte  
Madison County  
Missouri

Philad<sup>a</sup> 20<sup>th</sup> April 1847

Dear Sir

I write a few lines to you in favor of Mr. Cox. I hope you will not misunderstand what I wrote you a few days since in mail relative to arrangements with others than yourself. My refinery is so arranged that I can refine a large amt of ore & wish to undertake more than our own sources can supply, but not so much as to demand a slavish attention to the business on my part, nor the absorption of too large a capital. As your father lately told me that you wished to try & refine yourself, of course I cannot object to it, altho' I am satisfied that when you count the costs & receipts, you will find my offers more advantageous. In the mean time I am willing to entertain propositions from others in the same way that I have done at the mines, openly & fairly as I am persuaded that an arrangement may be made to the benefit of the proprietors. You could not object for instance to bonds that the 10<sup>th</sup> of the refined material should be rendered faithfully to you in Philad<sup>a</sup>. For if refined in Missouri (at the mines) ~~the~~ the losses of such operations would diminish your tenth considerably.

Respectfully yours

Jas B. Booth

Col. W. W. Fleming

mine a la Motte

Madison County

Missouri



Philad<sup>a</sup> 20 April 1847

Dear Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 17th inst. in relation to the purchase of the Berlin bell glasses, & the capsules, & the cyanide of potassium. I have the pleasure to inform you that the same have been ordered, and will be forwarded to you as soon as they arrive. I have also the pleasure to inform you that the price of the Berlin bell glasses has fallen within a year to 2.25. There is some to be had at lower rates but of inferior quality.

Yours very truly,

Wm. H. W.

Wm. H. W.

Wm. H. W.

Wm. H. W.

Wm. H. W.

Philad<sup>a</sup> 20 April 1847

Dear Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 17th inst. in relation to the purchase of the Berlin bell glasses, & the capsules, & the cyanide of potassium. I have the pleasure to inform you that the same have been ordered, and will be forwarded to you as soon as they arrive. I have also the pleasure to inform you that the price of the Berlin bell glasses has fallen within a year to 2.25. There is some to be had at lower rates but of inferior quality.

Charles Gregoire

to LaBrooth & Co.

To 4 nest of 3 each, Berlin filtering glasses 208	1.80
1 nest of Berlin capsules, 2 <sup>d</sup> quality 8.00	1.00
1 lb. H. cyanide of Potassium	1.12 1/2
2 quarts filtering paper.	0.75
	<hr/> 4.67 1/2

Please pay the above amt. to Mr. J. Hagon.

LaBrooth & Co.

I know that the Agent will throw obstacles in the way of sending off your copper stone, & as I do not wish to be embroiled with any one at Law, I wish it to be well understood that the stone delivered in Philad<sup>a</sup> must be free from all difficulty on that score. I would much prefer working it for Mr. Janis, & I think you will find it much more profitable. If the percentage of cobalt falls below 5, I am not willing to give more than 12 ct. for each pwt. in the H. & not more than 1 ct. for each pwt. nickel if it be below 12 wt. in the stone.

Wm. H. W.

Yours respectfully,

LaBrooth & Co.



John Smith to the Hon. Secy of the Navy

Dear Sir,

written a year or so ago. There is some to be had at some water  
 taken at the same place. The presence of the last article is rather  
 1 - 4 specimens of *Petalium*. The presence of the last article is rather  
 the 2<sup>nd</sup> species of *Petalium* is rather common, for I saw more of the first at present.  
 but I have not been able to find any of the other species of the genus, and most of  
 the other species for which I have no name. I have not been able to find any of the  
 1<sup>st</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> species of *Petalium* in the same place as the first. I have not been able to find any of the

Charles (proprietor)

28 Woodstock St

180	to the west of the creek, between the creek and the road
181	to the west of the creek, between the creek and the road
182	to the west of the creek, between the creek and the road
183	to the west of the creek, between the creek and the road
184	to the west of the creek, between the creek and the road
185	to the west of the creek, between the creek and the road

1. I have found the above work to be a valuable one.

The first part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the general principles of the theory of the structure of the human brain. The author discusses the various theories of the structure of the brain, and then presents his own theory. He argues that the brain is a complex organ, and that its structure is determined by the environment. He also discusses the various functions of the brain, and how they are related to its structure.

Mr Louis J. Hagen  
Fredericktown Madison Co.  
Missouri

Philadelphia 20<sup>th</sup> April. 1847

my dear friend

I wrote you by mail a few days since inclosing Mr. C's note as per the original agreement, reserving that when our business showed itself profitable, you might be paid beforehand. I also observed that Mr. C. had given or was about to give his note at 5 months for the lot from England, & that I wished very much you would let me have the use of it until due, for which I will give you at the rate of 6 per cent. for 6 months. If you wished your part cashed now it would cost 6 per cent. discount, so that you would be a gainer by acceding to my request of some 10 per cent. Please write me on this. My anxiety is to pay my brother new as far as possible. I have written to Greigore by mail & by Mr. Cox. Ask him to show you the letters. I have a place for a reverberatory furnace for roasting stone, but I want the stone free from all legal difficulties. Could you not make out to send my mill, unless it could be sold for \$50? I gave you the address of Andrews & Dewey, New Orleans, to whom to consign the ore &c. They are friends of Mr. Coffin & will forward a receipt. Is my offer to Greigore too high? Fleming has had an offer from me, but I think they are going to try the refining themselves. Keep close! Mr. Greigore will send you the amt. of a few articles sent by Mr. Cox. Please also collect from Dr. Fleming for my secretary, carpet & oil cloths I forget. whether there was anything else. Write in your next the value of the plank &c. that I advance, for I am too poor to give it. My vote will be set to-morrow & I can probably commence in a few days. — You had better open an acct. with me & place the above to my credit, with counsel &c. & keep the money of course. Regards to Mr. H. & Amelia.

Your friend  
Jatb Brook



Philadelphia 24. April 1847

Dear Sir,  
I have both made propositions to & received them from Mr. Gregory relative to the ore stone manufactured at these mines of James Co. I have stated more than one thing that I was unwilling to do anything with the ore stone, from all in abundance, & so that your attention is drawn to the same by way of caution you will agree with me that it is necessary I should fully at the mine, & the fully to you in private on the value of cobalt &c. you did me the justice to say that I had not overvalued its value nor the value of the tract. I have designed acting in the same way in the present negotiation, & as stated in my last letter to you would prefer entering into an arrangement with you. Yesterday I rec'd a letter from Mr. H. stating the result of conversations held with you, in consequence of which we are all agreed to make you the following offers.

Dear Sir,

Philadelphia 24. April 1847

I have both made propositions to & received them from Mr. Gregory relative to the ore stone manufactured at these mines of James Co. I have stated more than one thing that I was unwilling to do anything with the ore stone, from all in abundance, & so that your attention is drawn to the same by way of caution you will agree with me that it is necessary I should fully at the mine, & the fully to you in private on the value of cobalt &c. you did me the justice to say that I had not overvalued its value nor the value of the tract. I have designed acting in the same way in the present negotiation, & as stated in my last letter to you would prefer entering into an arrangement with you. Yesterday I rec'd a letter from Mr. H. stating the result of conversations held with you, in consequence of which we are all agreed to make you the following offers.

1. We want the ore finely pulverized & roasted as far as practicable and delivered at the factory or refinery in Philad<sup>a</sup> where it shall be weighed in presence of the contracting parties or persons appointed by them, & several samples taken from it, one of which shall be sealed up for future reference. Then 10 percent shall be subtracted from the net weight to allow for loss consequent upon separation. The analyses made by our chemists on your part must agree as far as ordinary errors in analysis allows. We wish to have at least 50 Tons per annum (or 1 ton weekly) which I am inclined maybe supplied from the mines. For such material we are willing to give at the rate of 2 cents for each percent of pure oxide of cobalt in the ore, together with one cent for each percent of pure nickel, provided the ~~former~~ <sup>material</sup> ~~in cobalt~~ <sup>is made in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>delivered</sup> to not contain less



Philadelphia, 11th March 1847

My dear Sir,  
I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 2nd inst. in relation to the purchase of the rights of the Philadelphia and Lancaster Turnpike Road Company, and in reply to inform you that the same have been forwarded to the proper authorities for their consideration. I am, Sir, very respectfully,  
Yours, &c.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 2nd inst. in relation to the purchase of the rights of the Philadelphia and Lancaster Turnpike Road Company, and in reply to inform you that the same have been forwarded to the proper authorities for their consideration. I am, Sir, very respectfully,  
Yours, &c.

than 55 per cent. cobalt or less than 10 per cent. nickel. If the amount we are willing to pay you is fixed in cash or a year, or to be a fixed time, I will accordingly purchase the rights of the road at 25¢ per lb. of nickel at 25¢ per lb. of each metal in the proportion in which they exist in the mineral. These metals shall be as pure as the best samples of the same in the English market. Copper will be as good as is regarded as of any value, must remain in the refinery as before made.

2. The sum of 5 per cent. is to be paid for the material in the same place. You give me half of the pure products of cobalt and nickel. The conditions otherwise being the same as before under 1.

As I am associated with Mr. H. C. in the firm of Coffin, May, & Co. and one with Mr. Hagen, myself will form a partnership under any circumstances for refining cobalt & nickel. If you maintain our propositions, Mr. H. C. presence here will be necessary for us, but as he is interested in other matters, he would of course be unwilling to sacrifice them. The ~~amount~~ <sup>quantity</sup> of these ores in the most suitable state of preparation for transportation will be included in the contract between us, subject to the 10% discount cash as one or refined material, i.e. From what I know of the foreign market the offers we herein make, the 10% which you would probably prefer, are superior to any other arrangements you can make. I hope you will duly weigh them. The balance shall also be paid cash or in Mr. Coffin's note or of his liking you can easily learn in Philadelphia.

I design going with Mr. C. in a day or two to call on your father, and as it appears to me that your views are somewhat different from those



of your father. For he lately told me that you wished to try a manufac-  
ture for yourselves, altho' you had said some time before that you wished  
me to make an offer for you. As to the matter, I made the same materials  
of your intention no doubt, conscious that I should understand the  
purpose better than the English Refiners - knowing that we have made  
a pure article already. As Mr. H. is interested in the whole transaction  
please have conversations with him on the subject & exhibit this letter to him.  
I am about to write to him also.  
I am, Sir, your obedient servant  
Jas. Borthwick

of your father. For he lately told me that you wished to try a manufac-  
ture for yourselves, altho' you had said some time before that you wished  
me to make an offer for you. As to the matter, I made the same materials  
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please have conversations with him on the subject & exhibit this letter to him.  
I am about to write to him also.  
I am, Sir, your obedient servant  
Jas. Borthwick



My dear friend.

Philad<sup>a</sup> 26 April 1847.

I put a letter in the P.O. this morning for Col. Fleming containing propositions like those contained in your letter, but offering 2 cts. for each p.c.t. Co. in the 1<sup>st</sup> & 1 ct. for each p.c.t. Ni. in the 1<sup>st</sup>, if the former be not less than 5 p.c.t. & the latter 10 p.c.t. I requested Col. F. to show you the letter & hold conversations with you on the subject, & both M<sup>r</sup>. C. & myself with you to make arrangements in detail, keeping as near the <sup>offer</sup> already made as you judge advisable. You will also observe that we wish at the rate of one ton per week, or 50 tons per year, for I think you will find it much less worth undertaking at 20 tons per year. We can have capital enough. I omitted to state to Col. F. that as we shall have to erect costly works, it will be necessary to make the arrangement last for some time, & otherwise we will be unwilling to do anything in the matter. Whatever we should be done soon. I must confess there is an advantage on the side of Col. F. that the price of Co & Ni might fall. <sup>but</sup> We ought to give 1 ct. less for each dollar that the cobalt is reduced <sup>per \$1</sup> in the English market, & 1 ct. less for each p.c.t. nickel, ~~when~~ for every 1/2 dollar that it falls in the future market, or 1 ct. less for each metal, if the former be reduced 1/2 dollar, the latter 1/2 dollar.

I will attend to your ~~business~~ <sup>order</sup> & forward it by the first ~~mail~~ <sup>steam</sup> packet. My works are now first ready, but I cannot do anything until all the workmen leave. I sent your Gmelin, 3 vols. bound, with your name on the back to W. J. Williamson in St. Louis (I think opposite the "Lauder" House). Please forward me <sup>to</sup> ~~him~~ <sup>him</sup> Dusey, New Orleans, writing to him, & enclosing bill of lading, & am requesting them to forward to W. C. Coffin, Philad<sup>a</sup>. I have learned of a new source of nickel, here near as, with some cobalt! I believe I told you the specimen of Co I sent to England was valued at 20 sh. per lb. about 1/2. Altho' very roughly done, & not quite finished for want of time. Regards to M<sup>r</sup>. H. & Maria.

M<sup>r</sup>. Louis Hagen (Major M. M.)  
Fredericktown, Madison Co. Missouri

Your friend  
Jas B. Booth



Phil. April 28<sup>th</sup> 1847

Dear Sir,

no promise of the present time. It is not yet a day. I  
do not wish to interfere with his business. But your part being  
entirely independent of mine, I have made the offer freely, nor  
do I care whether it be kept secret or not, for I prefer always  
acting openly. That you would have difficulty in removing the  
stone from mine to the other, I am certain, because Mr Lamb told  
me so, but I think you may perhaps make arrangements with Col  
Fleming, for if nothing else can be done I am willing to enter  
into bonds for the payment of the 10<sup>th</sup> on refined products equal  
to the best in the English market. Without the consent of the pro-  
prietors I cannot entertain any negotiations. My offers I wish to  
be equal to those in England, rather better if possible. I sent you  
the articles requested by Mr. Cox.

Respectfully yours,  
Jas Booth

Mr. Ch. Gregoire  
Fredericktown  
Madison Co. Missour

Do not pay postage, for it is often inconvenient for me to do the same. Your  
letter being postmarked Fredericktown, I send it to the same P.O. till it is right?

Philadelphia, 28<sup>th</sup> April, 1847

Dear Sir,

Your favor 8<sup>th</sup> inst. lies before me. I have made propositions  
to you for the Copper stone without reference to Mr. Merry, altho' I  
do not wish to interfere with his business. But your part being  
entirely independent of mine, I have made the offer freely, nor  
do I care whether it be kept secret or not, for I prefer always  
acting openly. That you would have difficulty in removing the  
stone from mine to the other, I am certain, because Mr Lamb told  
me so, but I think you may perhaps make arrangements with Col  
Fleming, for if nothing else can be done I am willing to enter  
into bonds for the payment of the 10<sup>th</sup> on refined products equal  
to the best in the English market. Without the consent of the pro-  
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Respectfully yours,  
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Mr. Ch. Gregoire  
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Do not pay postage, for it is often inconvenient for me to do the same. Your  
letter being postmarked Fredericktown, I send it to the same P.O. till it is right?



Philadelphia, May 22, 1847

Dear Sir

I have been thinking much lately of the  
state of the country and the prospects of the  
future. I am sure that the people are  
suffering from the effects of the war and  
the want of money. I am sure that the  
government is doing all that it can to  
relieve the people and that the people are  
doing all that they can to help the  
government. I am sure that the future  
is bright and that the people will  
soon be able to live in peace and  
prosperity.

Very respectfully,  
Wm. L. Garrison

Wm. L. Garrison

Secretary

Massachusetts

I am sure that the people are  
suffering from the effects of the war and  
the want of money. I am sure that the  
government is doing all that it can to  
relieve the people and that the people are  
doing all that they can to help the  
government. I am sure that the future  
is bright and that the people will  
soon be able to live in peace and  
prosperity.

not sent

Philadelphia, May 22, 1847.

My dear friend

I rec<sup>d</sup> your favor of 15<sup>th</sup> April today, but have not yet read it to Mr. C.  
It contains your reasons for delay in getting ready manifest one of them is quite  
good & I am glad to hear that it is to be in Madison County, Missouri. Among  
other things you mention difficulties of R. & P. Whatever trouble you may  
have you get from her, I have you know, I still I hope you will do some  
thing for them on one of our which will get out for us partly with some money  
of his own. I think they would be very lonely in the world if you did not take care  
of them. There is nothing nobler in this world than forgiveness for even if people do not  
value it still it gives peace to the conscience & will not be forgotten alone.

On due reflection I have thought it advisable to write to Gregoire the  
same kind of letter made to Fleming, provided they have the right to remove  
the stone. Gregoire will show you the letter. If Fleming will not allow it, or will  
not make an arrangement with us, we cannot possibly work it. Gregoire can get  
you better & more to a man. I think I can get Mr. Lamb's vote of 6 to  
do the same. He will for the 6 of him's best. Five 3 or 4 might be sufficient.

What will you do with your stuff (black) if we make the arrangement  
with Gregoire? The one from the black had could be worked over at Gregoire's  
manually sold to him, or better along with him. I prefer doing things quietly  
One thing is certain that whatever is done ought to be done quickly to meet the  
English market, which now demands a large amount of cobalt, which will continue  
in demand.

I did not design offering Gregoire to refuse for 1/2 but  
merely to let them think over it, & gain time. The refinery is ready I have dis-  
gaged & had 1 commence tomorrow. I have found much difficulty in getting things  
arranged because workmen are lazy from Missouri, but because they have so much  
work on hand. - Regards to Mr. C. & Maria.

your friend

J. A. Smith

Mr. Louis J. Allen

Fredericktown, Madison Co. Missouri











Small Refinery, Philad<sup>a</sup>, May 6. 1837  
My dear friend,

In order that you may be fully satisfied in regard to our contract  
partnership, that you may be empowered to make any arrangements with Gougeon  
or Young, Mr. C. & myself have drawn up articles of agreement with which  
I believe you will be satisfied. The principal capital is the estate lands we  
own, & by Mr. C's kindness I shall have a third of the same. It is but rea-  
sonable that the sum to be drawn out from the firm by each partner should  
be limited until the expenditures are returned for the necessary, then  
each purchase of ore &c. But if, as we fully believe in the most certain  
grounds, the profits are beyond this expenditure, we are at full liberty to  
draw out our thirds, as far as we please, only leaving enough to conduct  
the business. The agreement in regard to purchase of minerals & mineral  
lands, has nothing to do with working what is past or has been purchased, but  
only of the purchase after we have closed the agreement. For example, there  
has been found nickel lately within 50 miles of Philad<sup>a</sup> & if we shall try to  
get it if very low; also the magnesian shall ore in Pennsylvania, if they  
are rich enough. In regard to purchase or entry of land in Virginia, you  
may do it, if the chance be a good one, but I am inclined to think it will be  
time enough to do it, after we have reaped profit from our present operations.  
That part of the agreement which prevents either partner from entering notes or  
involving the other without their consent, is a good precautionary measure.  
The only way in which a firm can be conducted to its advantage is by putting  
confidence in each other. You know enough of Mr. C. to think so that were Mr. C.  
has shown his confidence in both of us by the full sale of the Ind. Co. to us  
by selling freely into the business. In both put confidence in you by entering  
into the present arrangement, & by wishing you to close a contract for the  
ore & stone with Gougeon & Young with Fleming in such a manner as you may  
think most advantageous to us there. I shall cease to write to Gougeon or  
Fleming because whatever arrangements you make are made by the firm











I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 14th inst. in relation to the proposed arrangement for the purchase of the land on which the new building for the use of the Board of Education is to be erected. I am sorry to hear that you are unable to make such an arrangement as is desirable, but am now feeling very anxious to see a full collection in a few days.

Respectfully yours,  
 J. A. Booth

To Charles G. Gove  
 Underhilltown  
 Madison County  
 Missouri

May 2. After writing the above I recd. yours of 19th April, in answer to which I may say that Fleming has made proposals to us or wished us to make proposals to him, that we have done so; that he hinted that he could help on the stone or on whatever grounds, having taken advice. It is for you to settle that difficulty, for we will not incur responsibility except by asking it on shares. — In regard to my making offer ~~reluctantly~~ <sup>for</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> Regius advice, you are mistaken, for we can. In the conclusion, when I was in the mind, by careful calculation, that we could not work on shares for less than half, nor for more than all. 200 for C. & 100 for H. (not in H). And I knew what course would be pursued. I was loth to make an offer, & the offer I made you in a previous letter of 14th. for C. & 100 for H. (not in H) was lower than Mr. H. thought right so that you see he has nothing to do with it. Now, as above stated, you will please arrange with Mr. H. who has our views, if you wish to make any arrangement.

Respectfully yours  
 J. A. Booth

Philad<sup>a</sup> 7 May 1867  
 Dear Sir  
 In reply to your favor recd a few days ago, I refer you to Mr. Plaquem for any & all arrangements you may wish to make, as he is our part & is empowered to make such arrangements as he deems desirable. I have been delayed a week in consequence of being, but am now feeling very anxious to see a full collection in a few days.

Respectfully yours,  
 J. A. Booth

To Charles G. Gove  
 Underhilltown  
 Madison County  
 Missouri

May 2. After writing the above I recd. yours of 19th April, in answer to which I may say that Fleming has made proposals to us or wished us to make proposals to him, that we have done so; that he hinted that he could help on the stone or on whatever grounds, having taken advice. It is for you to settle that difficulty, for we will not incur responsibility except by asking it on shares. — In regard to my making offer ~~reluctantly~~ <sup>for</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> Regius advice, you are mistaken, for we can. In the conclusion, when I was in the mind, by careful calculation, that we could not work on shares for less than half, nor for more than all. 200 for C. & 100 for H. (not in H). And I knew what course would be pursued. I was loth to make an offer, & the offer I made you in a previous letter of 14th. for C. & 100 for H. (not in H) was lower than Mr. H. thought right so that you see he has nothing to do with it. Now, as above stated, you will please arrange with Mr. H. who has our views, if you wish to make any arrangement.

Respectfully yours  
 J. A. Booth



Philadelphia, 1st March 1847

My dear friend,  
I have just received your letter of the 28th inst. and am  
glad to hear that you are well and happy. I am  
also well and hope these few lines will find you  
the same. I have not much news to write at  
present.

Yours truly,  
J. P. Kennedy

I have just received your letter of the 28th inst. and am  
glad to hear that you are well and happy. I am  
also well and hope these few lines will find you  
the same. I have not much news to write at  
present.

I have just received your letter of the 28th inst. and am  
glad to hear that you are well and happy. I am  
also well and hope these few lines will find you  
the same. I have not much news to write at  
present.



Philadelphia June 1844

My dear Friend, Altho it is now 2 weeks or more since I wrote to you, yet I have been so busy in refining that it seems but a short time. Enclosed is a certificate of deposit for \$500. My brother wrote to me that after deducting  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the \$4000, the expenses in England, &  $\frac{1}{2}$  of my revenues, the balance would be near about \$1000. I have not yet had from him my acct of these expenses. Enclosed is also a note payable in sept. for the other \$500. For I cannot tell exactly how much it is until I get the accounts. — Have been engaged about a week in refining & have already conquered the few difficulties that thus far presented themselves. I have 2 sorts of solution, the 2<sup>nd</sup> much better than the 1<sup>st</sup>. The latter requires a large quantity of white to separate to on a large scale, the solution must be strong, & require some days for its separation. I am just making some yellow, & find that it wants a good deal of my neighbor's steam to boil it, so that I may be obliged to get a steam boiler or boil in a kettle over the fire. If this works well I can purify the whole lot in less than 2 months. The yellow is \$25 per ton, the white \$9. — The apparatus for the manganese ore is ready, & I hope to hear of the ore, at least a portion, being ready soon. — I rec<sup>d</sup> a few lines a week ago from Fleming, stating his rec<sup>d</sup> of my letter containing our definite propositions which were nearly the same as in your letter. In a previous letter he said he was determined that no ore nor time should leave the mines, so that you must be very careful in any arrangement with others, if he will make no fair offer. It would be better to take his offer, if possible, rather than the one of James & Co. — I have no leisure to write more, farth<sup>r</sup> than to say, that I rise at 5, attend to business in town, go to the Refinery from 7<sup>1/2</sup> to 9<sup>1/2</sup> according to business, remain there all day, get to my office in town about 6, & home at 7 or 8 evening. Regards to W<sup>m</sup> H. & Amalia. Your Friend  
Jas D. Smith

Mr J. H. Hagen, Fredericktown, Madison Co, Missouri.  
2 June. Got my yellow solution to work very well. — If you do not send ore before long, I shall have some difficulty to pay your note. My anxiety is to pay off debts as soon as possible. &c.

fully believed by us that it would be agreeable to you. We wish you to state your objections without hesitation & fully, & also to write out such an agreement as you would be willing to sign. Do not fear that we shall misunderstand you. You must see yourself that it would be difficult to transact business without a firm plan with some in reality others. Being very busy in the Refinery, I have no further leisure than to wish my regards to Mr H. & Amalia. Have but one man in the refinery & work hard myself. I shall be so until there is a return from England.

Mr Louis J. Hagen  
Fredericktown  
Madison Co  
Mo.

Your friend  
Jas D. Smith



Philad 15 June 1864

Dear Sir. The ore you sent is in my hands & shall be at once dried, ground, analysed & refined. Your father mentioned that he believed there might be 20 per cent. in it, & if upon analysis there should be much less, I shall be obliged to decline refining it, or take evidence of a sample taken from it. I think it far less than 20% in the mass. — I find my process works better on a large than on a small scale & have now some pure oxide ready for sale. I can work about a ton per week in a short time. If you prefer making any arrangements with us, please write (or for me) or give your father specific instructions & explanations, so that we may conclude an arrangement with him in Philadelphia on his return. — Please state in what way you wished us to refine the 70 lbs ore just rec<sup>d</sup> whether to pay by the percentage of nickel & cobalt, or for one half of these refined metals, as per our offer in a previous letter of 24 April. We have already paid \$15. transport &c on it.

W.W. Fleming & Co.  
Miner & Co. Mott  
Madison Co. Missouri

Respectfully yours  
J. H. North

Philad 15 June 1864

Dear Friend. Your favor of 20 May, in German & 25 & 27 May in English have been just rec<sup>d</sup>. In regard to that of 20 May, I think it likely we shall yet be able to make an arrangement with Fleming, altho' we may have to wait some time by your letter of 27. I believe you have misunderstood me, as I wrote in usual haste & may not have expressed myself clearly. A business man may have good capital, and yet not be able to command it at any moment; Mr C. therefore preferred having some weeks' notice of your need of money in order to prepare for payment of a draft. You will also see clearly I think why he did not wish you to go on too fast at once, because he has already \$1000 out in what to him is a speculation, & wishes to see a small sale in England in order to have assurance of its value. I hope to have a quantity of pure oxide ready to send to England in about two weeks, having conquered the difficulties that pressed themselves one after another so that the process cannot now be much improved.

In reference to Mr C's note for your & Uncle's ore from England, I hope you are by this time satisfied that it is or will be all right. — In your letter of 25<sup>th</sup> relative to the partnership, we regret to observe your objections to the agreement, as it was fully believed by us that it would be agreeable to you. We wish you to state your objections without hesitation & fully, & also to write out such an agreement as you would be willing to sign. Do not fear that we shall misunderstand you. You must see yourself that it would be difficult to transact business without a firm. Please write soon in reply to this. Being very busy in the Refinery I have no further leisure than to wish my regards to Mr H. & Amelia. Have but one man in the refinery & work hard myself, & shall do so until there is a return from England.

Mr Louis J. Haque  
Fredericktown  
Madison Co.  
Mo.

Your friend  
J. H. North







Philad<sup>a</sup> 12. July. 1847

Gentlemen,

Your favor of 29. Ult. has just been rec<sup>d</sup> & contents noted. By some mistake the annexed analysis has been wholly omitted or lost. In consequence of some objections by Mr. Hagen, the partnership formerly mentioned has not yet been formed, but we Messrs Coffin & Booth, are nevertheless ready to make arrangements with you relative to Cobalt ore or stone. It being a difficult matter to arrange a contract between us by letter, we would prefer your giving full instructions to your senior partner in Philad<sup>a</sup> with whom we may consummate the contract. Besides, we wish to engage largely in the operations, or not at all, & will therefore have to erect more extensive & costly works than we have at present, so that some time must elapse ere we could commence operating on much larger lots of ore than we have on hand.

We are, gentlemen  
Yrs ob<sup>t</sup> Serv<sup>ts</sup>  
Coffin & Booth

Messrs Thos. Fleming & Sons  
mine ala molle, Madison Co. Missouri

Philad<sup>a</sup> 12. July. 1847.

Outline of letter to Hagen

1. Asking him to make out our mutual acct.
2. Telling my progress in manufacturing.
3. Asking more information about McCoy's & Fleming's offers to sell stone, quality of stone refusing to buy except for known qualities or if competition to be feared. Telling Rec<sup>d</sup> of Bill Ladd from Andrew & Carey, N. Orleans of shipment of manganese ore. 26.13.



The first of these is the fact that the  
 government has been unable to  
 maintain a stable exchange rate  
 since the war. This has led to  
 a general rise in prices and  
 a fall in the value of the  
 pound sterling. The second  
 is the fact that the government  
 has been unable to raise  
 sufficient funds to meet its  
 obligations. This has led to  
 a general rise in interest rates  
 and a fall in the value of the  
 pound sterling. The third is  
 the fact that the government  
 has been unable to reduce its  
 budget deficit. This has led to  
 a general rise in taxes and  
 a fall in the value of the  
 pound sterling.

[illegible]

Walter B. Smith, Esq.

[illegible]

to send to you but finding business in N. York, I went on here to spend 2 or 3  
 days. The follow<sup>ing</sup> are the acc<sup>t</sup>

L. Hagen Dr to Lab Booth

one	10	11.00
4	1.58	
	1.00	

Country 3	16.30
16	6.50
C. Gregory	4.80
Certificate of Cont.	500.-

mill plates for 1-700 1804 6.36  
with interest of 0.36

entry - C. m. house full landing  
remaining co. all pumpkin 127.0

Insurance, Nov. 1891  
in England by 1891 & 1892

of the exp. }  
in my English trip in July, Aug & Sept. 18 (For \$576.) } 288.00

As the price of the ore is higher in my own area, I  
do not know how to get it. The cost of Ymelin in Germany is \$17.75  
The plant now is not melted. Was it sold or employed at the 7th mine?  
The sulphur that I left is also omitted, as I wish it & some of the above to go  
towards the Black lead. The interest on the several loans  
charged to me by my brother is also omitted at present, until we can make  
satisfactory arrangements relative to that Black lead ore.



S. Flager Cr. in acct with J. B. Booth

By sale of 4014 lb cobalt ore @ 2/ £401.88 as per English invoice  
 @ 4/78 £1918.70  
 less one fifth 383.74  
 Due L. H. \$1534.96

Balance due L. H. on \$52.24 exclusive of the interest &c noted on the preceding page. Please examine the above & see that it is all right

I have carefully analyzed your English ore & find that you cannot obtain more than 14 per cent cobalt & abt 3 per cent nickel. We think you ought to make some deduction as we shall probably lose on it; make the calculation for yourself. Your letter makes the amt of your lot of ore 4131, but what with the \$22 I had to take out in England for distribution among the refiners, & what with loss of water the net invoice as we received it back again was only 4014, as stated above. As I weighed it out for solution, the quantity had diminished still more. That of \$500 will be paid when presented.

As the ore from the Philad<sup>a</sup> mines comes in rather slowly, we think you had better make a calculation of the number of hands you could employ (including expenses of transportation, &c) to use the balance of the \$1000 sent out by Mr C. in order to get as much out as practicable before the river is obstructed by ice. I find that the ore you sent contains 2 1/2 per cent cobalt, which I have not yet tried for nickel. Notwithstanding the smaller percentage than calculated, the ore will yet pay well, provided we get enough of it. Could you not get a few barrels of the lower ore (Clark's) to send on this to try in the large way? And try & find out what Clark still thinks of the place. I am very sanguine as to its amt & value for cobalt. I suppose you might work it through me (or may) the sooner. In reference to our black lead ore, I want of course to do all in my power towards getting it ready & away from the mines. But I do not know what time I can come out. I cannot do anything in washing ore but I might assist in smelting, &c. Write to me when you are going to smelt it, & what I can do there. I must get out some oxyd.







Philad<sup>a</sup> 26. Oct. 1867

Dear Sir,

I spoke with my friend Mr. Ciffin on Saturday evening after you left, when he told me to write to you to say that we are willing to make an arrangement with you on the terms you proposed, entering 4 as your capital, & making the other 25 per cent payable in 6 mos. I fear that the creditors in England may determine upon continuing the Refining of the whole in England, but should they not, I should you be willing to make the proposed arrangement with us, please let us know at once that I may close with the necessary works, such as building a large battery, getting into mode of building, &c. It is no use, please give prompt directions about the calendar, & note, & please send it to me by P. M. yesterday for more exact instructions what to write and send here about from the City. I will return in a day or two, & will write again.

Yours faithfully,

Wm. H. Herry  
of Messrs. Humphreys & Thayer  
at London  
mission



(2017)

Handwritten text: "Handwritten text: ..."

inverfist



Phil. 26 Oct. 1847

We are trying to keep up cracks & heating  
the building as well as through the winter. My rats that I  
thought large are rather small. My felines are too small although  
though of more than 200 square feet surface. But still  
get along very well. I thought the English one is  $\frac{2}{3}$  done.

9 a 1 book



















Philadelphia, Dec. 25. 1747.

My dear Friend

Your favor of 24<sup>th</sup> Nov. was rec<sup>d</sup> about 18 days ago. I am sorry to learn of the accident you met with in riding over to town, and had I thought of your being confined, I would have written long since, altho' I have been incessantly occupied both in manufacturing and writing my Encyclopedia. I have tried some 1000 experiments on the Copper, Iron &c. but still I want to know more about those matters. I have long since thought of the propriety of smelting the manganese with pyrites, I am satisfied that an excellent stone would be the result. I am so difficultly in procuring pyrites there in any quantity. In regard to calcining, I am quite an adept, from the experience I have had. You know I never built a furnace in my life, until this summer, and the one I built by the assistance of a common brick layer works most admirably. I melted the two tons of copper stone I had most perfectly, by an arrangement which I made in constructing the furnace.

I am waiting most patiently until I have all the ore on hand retained. The mill is thrown into market. Until then I know not what I shall determine upon doing, for if I get nothing from them, why then I shall in all probability leave the cobalt business, that is, as soon as I can reimburse my friends, which is my principal desire.

My wife has rec<sup>d</sup> the bill of lading of the manganese ore sent by you in Nov. I am glad to hear that it is of better quality, for some of the 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>d</sup> lots of ore was very poor. It was put into 3 of the barrels in the last lot, dropping out, & even then when we came to try & break







Philadelphia 6. Jan. 1848

Dear Sir,

Your favor of 3<sup>rd</sup> inst. was duly rec<sup>d</sup> & has my acknowledgements for the offers therein contained. Being now engaged in manufacturing operations, it is impossible for me to leave the city, nor do I believe that it will be practicable for 6 months to come. I am therefore obliged to decline the offer made me. I am at present unacquainted with any one who would be capable & disposed to give the proposed course of lectures, but if I should hear of any one whom I could recommend I will either write to you, or send him to you, that you may judge for yourself. Altho' not a Delawarean by birth, I feel a lively interest in all that pertains to the State, & wish hearty success to the Institution.

Respectfully yours

Ja<sup>th</sup> Booth

Prof. W. A. Norton,

Newark  
Delaware



rich road

12345678910111213141516171819202122232425262728293031323334353637383940414243444546474849505152535455565758596061626364656667686970717273747576777879808182838485868788899091929394959697989910010110210310410510610710810911011111211311411511611711811912012112212312412512612712812913013113213313413513613713813914014114214314414514614714814915015115215315415515615715815916016116216316416516616716816917017117217317417517617717817918018118218318418518618718818919019119219319419519619719819920020120220320420520620720820921021121221321421521621721821922022122222322422522622722822923023123223323423523623723823924024124224324424524624724824925025125225325425525625725825926026126226326426526626726826927027127227327427527627727827928028128228328428528628728828929029129229329429529629729829930030130230330430530630730830931031131231331431531631731831932032132232332432532632732832933033133233333433533633733833934034134234334434534634734834935035135235335435535635735835936036136236336436536636736836937037137237337437537637737837938038138238338438538638738838939039139239339439539639739839940040140240340440540640740840941041141241341441541641741841942042142242342442542642742842943043143243343443543643743843944044144244344444544644744844945045145245345445545645745845946046146246346446546646746846947047147247347447547647747847948048148248348448548648748848949049149249349449549649749849950050150250350450550650750850951051151251351451551651751851952052152252352452552652752852953053153253353453553653753853954054154254354454554654754854955055155255355455555655755855956056156256356456556656756856957057157257357457557657757857958058158258358458558658758858959059159259359459559659759859960060160260360460560660760860961061161261361461561661761861962062162262362462562662762862963063163263363463563663763863964064164264364464564664764864965065165265365465565665765865966066166266366466566666766866967067167267367467567667767867968068168268368468568668768868969069169269369469569669769869970070170270370470570670770870971071171271371471571671771871972072172272372472572672772872973073173273373473573673773873974074174274374474574674774874975075175275375475575675775875976076176276376476576676776876977077177277377477577677777877978078178278378478578678778878979079179279379479579679779879980080180280380480580680780880981081181281381481581681781881982082182282382482582682782882983083183283383483583683783883984084184284384484584684784884985085185285385485585685785885986086186286386486586686786886987087187287387487587687787887988088188288388488588688788888989089189289389489589689789889990090190290390490590690790890991091191291391491591691791891992092192292392492592692792892993093193293393493593693793893994094194294394494594694794894995095195295395495595695795895996096196296396496596696796896997097197297397497597697797897998098198298398498598698798898999099199299399499599699799899910001001100210031004100510061007100810091010101110121013101410151016101710181019102010211022102310241025102610271028102910301031103210331034103510361037103810391040104110421043104410451046104710481049105010511052105310541055105610571058105910601061106210631064106510661067106810691070107110721073107410751076107710781079108010811082108310841085108610871088108910901091109210931094109510961097109810991100110111021103110411051106110711081109111011111112111311141115111611171118111911201121112211231124112511261127112811291130113111321133113411351136113711381139114011411142114311441145114611471148114911501151115211531154115511561157115811591160116111621163116411651166116711681169117011711172117311741175117611771178117911801181118211831184118511861187118811891190119111921193119411951196119711981199120012011202120312041205120612071208120912101211121212131214121512161217121812191220122112221223122412251226122712281229123012311232123312341235123612371238123912401241124212431244124512461247124812491250125112521253125412551256125712581259126012611262126312641265126612671268126912701271127212731274127512761277127812791280128112821283128412851286128712881289129012911292129312941295129612971298129913

Prof. W. G. Miller,  
Newark  
Delaware

<sup>12</sup>I. J. Auld, *ibid.*, p. 680.

In regard to our lot, I believe it is valuable, but I am not in the way, I am afraid in attending to it. I am entirely out of pocket, so that I am what may be called a poor man again in the City for several days. I know that I can make 2 or 3000 fr. annum. I do not see at present how I can get out there, as I have no means of transportation of any kind before me, until after I shall send my lab<sup>r</sup> & then it will take full 6 months to make 4000. Now I am situated, I know not what to do. Besides, if I should go out, I could not remain there more than 2 or 3 weeks at the outside, for my mother's health is











Philadelphia 22 May 1848

Gentlemen

Bleaching powder which you gave me  
analyzed I find to contain 35 per cent chlorine which shows  
it to be of very superior quality

Yours truly  
J. & W. Welsh

J. & W. Welsh



Received of J. W. B. 1848

Received of J. W. B. 1848  
for the sum of \$100.00  
in full for the year 1848

J. W. B.

J. W. B.

Philadelphia, 14<sup>th</sup> June, 1848

Dear Sir,  
Your paper of 1<sup>st</sup> inst. relating to the Circular of the  
Afice. for the Abolition of Slavery was recd. 2 days since. I have  
carefully examined the same, and much pleased with its general  
character, which is not perhaps without serious limits. In accordance  
with your wish, I have no objection to its being published. I think that it should be  
to be its exclusive. That a simple majority should determine in an election  
for it would be a great improvement. I think it would be a great improvement  
to all, and it would be more practically to be a more general election of  
all. The 12. We shall have sufficiently good phrasing in the 12th  
meeting to report much more accurately than any other. The 12th  
such Reports will all require revision, and perhaps for names of persons or  
terms. The 12th. If the Constitution cannot be readily amended, the  
and of subscription should be paid, say at 10, which can easily be met  
by any number of the Afice. I am, Sir, very much obliged to you.  
Yours, H. J. Rogers. J. A. Worth



My dear Sir,  
I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 14th inst. in relation to the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of New York. I am very glad to hear that you are so deeply interested in the subject, and I am sure that your views will be of great value to the committee on the subject.

I have the honor to be, Sir, your obedient servant,  
J. M. Smith

My dear Sir,  
I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 14th inst. in relation to the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of New York. I am very glad to hear that you are so deeply interested in the subject, and I am sure that your views will be of great value to the committee on the subject.

I have the honor to be, Sir, your obedient servant,  
J. M. Smith



My mother's health is such that she cannot leave home the place, I shall not be able to do so either. Having nearly all this to my father, he is not in a state to leave, but I am not at all sure that I shall be able to do so either. I am now completing the study of the book on the subject of the history of the United States. I am now in the hands of the printer, and I shall be able to do so either. I am now in the hands of the printer, and I shall be able to do so either.

Philadelphia, 11 June 1848

Mr. C. G. Gage

Andover, Mass.

Dear Sir,

Your favor of 25 May is not a few days since. In regard to your interest in the land of Louis & Henry, I understand that Henry has sold out his interest there. If we can make arrangements with you or are willing to do so on favorable terms, either in the way of purchase or working on shares, but we prefer the latter as it then becomes the interest of all parties to do the best. We are further willing to agree with you for the one or more from your own table, or digging. Your lowest limit of 6% to 8% is not at all objectionable, although a higher share is more desirable. In purchasing we pay by the percentage of 6% to 8%, if there be sufficient of the latter present, otherwise only for 6%. But I can show you very clearly that it is your interest to work on shares.

My mother's health is such that she cannot leave home the place, I shall not be able to do so either. Having nearly all this to my father, he is not in a state to leave, but I am not at all sure that I shall be able to do so either. I am now completing the study of the book on the subject of the history of the United States. I am now in the hands of the printer, and I shall be able to do so either. I am now in the hands of the printer, and I shall be able to do so either.















My dear Sir,  
I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the matter of the  
of the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, and in reply to inform you that the same has been forwarded to the  
proper authorities for their consideration. I am, Sir, very respectfully,  
Yours, &c.  
J. W. Smith

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the matter of the  
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proper authorities for their consideration. I am, Sir, very respectfully,  
Yours, &c.  
J. W. Smith

Very respectfully,  
J. W. Smith



(Copy)

Philad<sup>a</sup> 11 July 1841

Dear Sir,

I herewith send you \$100 at the request of the Office in the Old Mint, for which you will please write me a rec<sup>t</sup>. I have called several times upon you as you state that you wish to converse with me relative to the Office, before I left the city some 2 weeks ago. I shall be pleased to see you here, or if I know when you are in I would call upon you.

Y<sup>r</sup> M. Bates.

Enclosed is a correct copy

Respectfully yours  
J. A. Bortch

Philad<sup>a</sup> 28 July 1841

Dear Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 11th inst. in relation to the \$100 sent you by the Office in the Old Mint. I have called several times upon you as you state that you wish to converse with me relative to the Office, before I left the city some 2 weeks ago. I shall be pleased to see you here, or if I know when you are in I would call upon you. I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 11th inst. in relation to the \$100 sent you by the Office in the Old Mint. I have called several times upon you as you state that you wish to converse with me relative to the Office, before I left the city some 2 weeks ago. I shall be pleased to see you here, or if I know when you are in I would call upon you.

J. A. Bortch



(Copy)

Philad<sup>a</sup> 11 July 1848

Dear Sir,

I herewith send you \$10 at the rent  
of the office in the Old Mint, for which you will  
please write me a rec<sup>t</sup>. I have called several times upon  
you as you state that you wished to converse with me  
relative to the office, before I left the city some 2 weeks ago.  
I shall be pleased to see you here, or if I knew when you were  
in I would call upon you.

To Mr. Kates.

The above is a correct copy

Respectfully yours

J. H. Booth



Don't know

20891 prof 1, 2nd

The above is correct copy  
 to Mr. Kates.  
 in January call upon me  
 at the office in the old Court  
 house, or at the residence of  
 the above named person, when  
 I will be pleased to see you here,  
 and to discuss the matter with you  
 upon any point that you wish to  
 discuss with me. I have called several  
 times in the old Court house, for  
 several years past, and will  
 be pleased to see you there.

for the 13th of  
the 1st of the month

Philadelphia June 21st  
Laboratory No 217 Arch St

To Mr. J. Wood

No 146 Arch. St.

This is to notify you that the owners or reputed  
owners of the West property on the West side of Arch & Hall are well  
up & closing the windows of the 5th story, of the latter building, which are  
then premises. As this act is an infringement of my right & priviledges as  
owner tenant of said south story of Arch & Hall, you are hereby informed  
that you will be held responsible for all damage thereby occurring to my  
interest & business; for the exclusion of light & air ~~there~~ <sup>from</sup> upon that  
side of the same units, the apartments improbatle for the purposes of my  
profession & will con. we bring loss & inconvenience.

Young Repby. 181-2

James C. Booth

per (Moist.)



Washed and analyzed  
 100 gms of material

Washed and analyzed  
 100 gms of material

Washed and analyzed  
 100 gms of material

Washed and analyzed  
 100 gms of material

No 1 a Washed and analyzed

Silica	13.11
Alumina	2.50
Loss on heat (Insoluble loss = 5.79 per cent)	9.74
Total	25.35

No 2 a Washed and analyzed

Examination of No 2 a H. S. Ep. Co. Carbonate.

No 1 a Washed and analyzed

Silica	42.4
Alumina	2.4
Loss on heat (Insoluble loss = 29.10 per cent)	56.4
Total	101.2

No 2 a Washed and analyzed

Silica and soluble matter	72.60
Alumina	4.64
Loss on heat (Insoluble loss = 7.44 per cent)	10.80
Iron	6.50
Magnesia	2.51
Total	100.85







Enclosed you will find a test the results of an assay  
I send you herewith the results of an assay of the ~~ore~~ oxide  
of Cobalt, which I forwarded to you, made by Mr. Simonin  
a practical chemist of this city. Mr. Berth informs me that  
he handed you his certificate. We shall send you by the next  
steamer, an assay made by Mr. T. Merry, a partner of the  
Refining house in Birmingham. By then you will observe  
that the oxide, altho' not pure, is far above the test made in  
England. While we think with Mr. Merry that the oxide  
of cobalt consigned to you ought to bring <sup>at least</sup> 20/, yet we  
wish it to be sold, & provided it be not sold at a lower rate  
than 16 s. per H. — Will you favor us by ascertaining the price  
offered for the pure oxide & what <sup>probable</sup> quantities <sup>put</sup> can be sold.



$$\begin{array}{r} 4.85 \\ 2.4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 64 \\ 384 \\ 256 \\ 1600 \\ \hline 3.38 \end{array}$$

4605  
1691

3.38

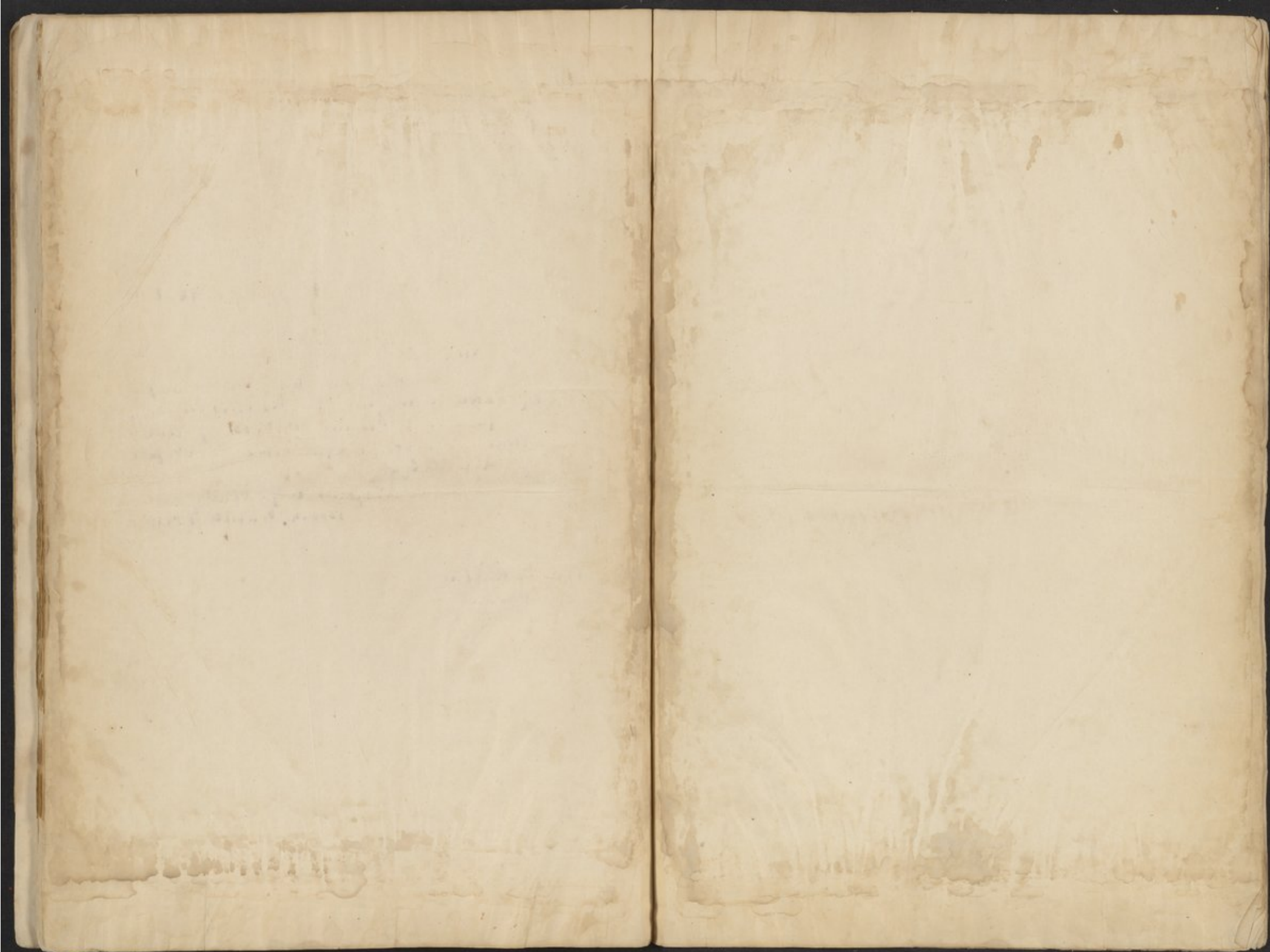
*Handwritten scribbles*

$$\begin{array}{r} 18 \\ 72 \\ 432 \\ 352 \\ 5.86 \\ \hline 19.60 \end{array}$$

3.38

*Faint, mostly illegible handwritten text, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.*







For  
the purpose of  
the present  
the following  
are the  
names of the  
persons who  
have been  
appointed  
to the  
various  
committees  
of the  
Board of  
Education  
for the  
year 1900-1901  
The following  
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to the  
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committees  
of the  
Board of  
Education  
for the  
year 1900-1901



1875

144 1.4.20

1875

Handwritten text at the bottom of the page, likely a signature or date: "1870-1871" and "J. J. J."

1875

1. 2. 3.

222

1891

*Quercus laevis*

March 25. 1891